GROUP 55

HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING

CONTENTS

GENERAL INFORMATION	55-3	ADJUSTMENT	55-26
		CHARGING	55-26
MANUAL A/C DIAGNOSIS	55-5	PERFORMANCE TEST	55-26
INTRODUCTION TO HEATER, AIR CONDIT	IONING	REFRIGERANT LEAK REPAIR	
AND VENTILATION DIAGNOSIS	55-5	PROCEDURE	55-28
HEATER, AIR CONDITIONING AND VENTIL	.ATION	COMPRESSOR NOISE CHECK	55-28
DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLESHOOTING		INSPECTION	55-29
STRATEGY	55-5	IDLE-UP OPERATION CHECK	55-30
SYMPTOM CHART	55-5		
SYMPTOM PROCEDURES	55-6	HEATER CONTROL ASSEMBLY AND	
CHECK AT ECU TERMINAL	55-22	A/C SWITCH	55-3 1
TROUBLESHOOTING HINT	55-24	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	55-31
		INSPECTION	55-33
SPECIAL TOOLS	55-24		
		HEATER UNIT, HEATER CORE, BLOW	/ER
ON-VEHICLE SERVICE	55-24	ASSEMBLY, EVAPORATOR UNIT*.	55-35
REFRIGERANT LEVEL TEST	55-24	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	55-35
MAGNETIC CLUTCH TEST	55-24		
RECEIVER DRIER TEST	55-25		
PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK	55-25		
COMPRESSOR DRIVE BELT		Continued on ne	xt nad

WARNINGS REGARDING SERVICING OF SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) EQUIPPED VEHICLES

! WARNING

- Improper service or maintenance of any component of the SRS, or any SRS-related component, can lead to personal injury or death to service personnel (from inadvertent firing of the air bag) or to the driver and passenger (from rendering the SRS inoperative).

 Service or maintenance of any SRS component or SRS-related component must be performed only at an authorized MITSUBISHI dealer.
- MITSUBISHI dealer personnel must thoroughly review this manual, and especially its GROUP 52B Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) before beginning any service or maintenance of any component of the SRS or any SRSrelated component.

The SRS includes the following components: SRS air bag control unit, SRS warning light, front impact sensors, air bag module, clock spring, and interconnecting wiring. Other SRS-related components (that may have to be removed/installed in connection with SRS service or maintenance) are indicated in the table of contents by an asterisk (*).

BLOWER ASSEMBLY AND RESISTOR	55-38	CONDENSER AND CONDENSER FAN MOTOR	55-50
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	55-38	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	55-50
INSPECTION	55-39	INSPECTION	55-51
EVAPORATOR ASSEMBLY	55-40	REFRIGERANT LINE	55-52
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	55-40	REFRIGERANT LINE REMOVAL	55-52
INSPECTION	55-41	REFRIGERANT LINE INSTALLATION	55-53
WATER SHUT MOTOR	55-42	VENTILATORS	55-54
WATER SHUT MOTOR REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	55-42	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	55-54
INSPECTION	55-43	SPECIFICATIONS	55-55
COMPRESSOR ASSEMBLY AND		FASTENER TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS	55-55
TENSION PULLEY	55-44	GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	55-55
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	55-44	SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS	55-56
INSPECTION	55-46	LUBRICANTS	55-56
MAGNETIC CLUTCH	55-47		

GENERAL INFORMATION

M1552000100135

The heater system uses a two-way-flow full-air-mix system that features high performance and low operating noise. It includes an independent face air blowing function.

Items Specifications		Specifications	
Heater unit Type		Two-way-flow full-air-mix system	
Heater control asser	mbly	Dial type	
Compressor	Model	Scroll type <msc90c></msc90c>	
Dual pressure	High-pressure switch	ON to OFF: 2,942 (426.7), OFF to ON: 2,354 (341.4)	
switch kPa (psi)	Low-pressure switch ON to OFF: 196 (28.4), OFF to ON: 221 (32.1)		
Refrigerant and quantity g (oz)		R-134a (HFC-134a), Approximately 415 – 435 (14.6 – 15.3)	

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

MARNING

Wear safety goggles and gloves when servicing the refrigeration system to prevent severe damage to eyes and hands.

Because R-134a refrigerant is a hydro fluorocarbon (HFC) which contains hydrogen atoms in place of chlorine atoms, it will not cause damage to the ozone laver.

Ozone filters out harmful radiation from the sun. To assist in protecting the ozone layer, Mitsubishi Motors Corporation recommends an R-134a refrigerant recycling device.

Refrigerant R-134a is transparent and colorless in both the liquid and vapor state. Since it has a boiling point of –29.8°C (–21.64°F) at atmospheric pressure, it will be a vapor at all normal temperatures and pressures. The vapor is heavier than air, non-flammable, and non-explosive. The following precautions must be observed when handling R-134a.

⚠ WARNING

Do not heat R-134a above 40°C (104.0°F) or it may catch fire and explode.

R-134a evaporates so rapidly at normal atmospheric pressures and temperatures that it tends to freeze anything it contacts. For this reason, extreme care must be taken to prevent any liquid refrigerant from contacting the skin and especially the eyes. Always wear safety goggles when servicing the refrigeration part of the A/C system. Keep a bottle of sterile mineral oil handy when working on the refrigeration system.

- Should any liquid refrigerant get into the eyes, use a few drops of mineral oil to wash them out. R-134a is rapidly absorbed by the oil.
- 2. Next splash the eyes with plenty of cold water.

3. Call your doctor immediately even though irritation has ceased after treatment.

⚠ CAUTION

Keep R-134a containers upright when charging the system.

In most instances, moderate heat is required to bring the pressure of the refrigerant in its container above the pressure of the system when charging or adding refrigerant.

A bucket or large pan of hot water not over 40°C (104.0°F) is all the heat required for this purpose. Do not heat the refrigerant container with a blow torch or any other means that would raise temperature and pressure above this temperature. Do not weld or steam clean on or near the system components or refrigerant lines.

⚠ WARNING

The leak detector for R-134a should be used to check for refrigerant gas leaks.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not allow liquid refrigerant to touch bright metal or it will be stained.

When metering R-134a into the refrigeration system keep the supply tank or cans in an upright position. If the refrigerant container is on its side or upside down, liquid refrigerant will enter the system and damage the compressor.

Refrigerant will tarnish bright metal and chrome surfaces, and in combination with moisture can severely corrode all metal surfaces.

OPERATION

Condenser fan and radiator fan control

 For the operation of each fan, refer to GROUP 14, Diagnosis - Symptom Chart P.14-3.

Compressor control

When operating the air conditioning switch

- The air thermo sensor, which senses the temperature of the air flowing out of the evaporator, deactivates the compressor at 5 °C (41.0 °F) or below.
- The dual pressure switch turns OFF when the refrigerant pressure becomes excessively high or low, thus protecting the compressor circuit. (See Table below.)
- When the air thermo sensor is activated, the dual pressure switch is ON, and the ignition switch, blower switch, and air conditioning switch are ON, the A/C compressor relay is energized.

When operating the air outlet changeover control knob

 When the air outlet changeover control knob is moved to DEFROSTER or DEFROSTER/FOOT position, the defroster switch, which is connected in series to the air conditioning switch, is turned on. The other compressor control than the above is the same as that when operating the air conditioning switch.

When compressor locks <vehicles with 3.0 L engine>

• Since the compressor and alternator are driven by the same belt, the electric generating function of the alternator also stops when the belt is broken. In order to assure the electric generating function of the alternator, there is an A/C-ECU to prevent breaking of the belt due to slipping when the compressor locks. The A/C-ECU makes a comparative calculation of the compressor revolutions and the engine revolutions which are detected by the revolution pick-up sensor. When 70% or more slip ratio continues for 3 seconds or more, the A/C compressor relay goes from on to off; at the same time, the operation display in the air conditioner switch blinks to announce an abnormality.

A/C Compressor Relay ON Conditions

Ignition switch	(IG2)	ON	NOTE: A/C compressor relay is de-
Blower switch		ON	energized when any one switch, sensor or control unit shown on the left turns off.
Air conditionin	g switch or defroster switch	ON	NOTE: The *marked device measures the
Air thermo ser	sor	*	temperature of the outlet air, and according
Dual pressure switch	Low-pressure side 221 kPa (32.1 psi) or higher	ON	to the control characteristics of the magniculate for the compressor, the automatic
	High-pressure side 2,942 kPa (426.7 psi) or below	ON	compressor controller outputs the "HI" signal (12V). When air of 5°C (41.0°F) or less blows out of the evaporator, the compressor
automatic com	or relay driving transistor (within pressor controller and engine control powertrain control module)	ON	magnetic clutch will be turned off.

MANUAL A/C DIAGNOSIS

INTRODUCTION TO HEATER, AIR CONDITIONING AND VENTILATION DIAGNOSIS

M1552012200184

With this system, after the outside air or inside air is taken in through the damper, it is fed to the evaporator by the blower fan and motor and cooled. The air cooled by the air mix damper is mixed appropriately with the warmed air to achieve a comfortable temperature. If the A/C does not operate or the cooled air is not discharged, the machine components or relay may be faulty.

HEATER, AIR CONDITIONING AND VENTILATION DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLESHOOTING STRATEGY

M1552009600201

Use these steps to plan your diagnostic strategy. If you follow them carefully, you will be sure that you have exhausted most of the possible ways to find a heater, air conditioning and ventilation fault.

- 1. Gather information from the customer.
- 2. Verify that the condition described by the customer exists.
- 3. Find the malfunction by following the Symptom Chart.
- 4. Verify malfunction is eliminated.

SYMPTOM CHART

M1552009900257

SYMPTOMS	INSPECTION PROCEDURE	REFERENCE PAGE
When the ignition switch is "ON," the A/C does not operate.	1	P.55-6
When the air outlet changeover control knob is moved to DEFROSTER or DEFROSTER/FOOT position, the A/C or the inside/outside air changeover damper motor does not operate.	2	P.55-9
When the A/C is operating, temperature inside the passenger compartment does not decrease (cool air is not emitted).	3	P.55-10
Blower fan and motor does not turn.	4	P.55-12
Blower fan and motor does not stop turning.	5	P.55-14
When the A/C is operating condenser fan or radiator fan does not turn.*	6	P.55-16
The A/C indicator flashes <vehicles 3.0l="" engine="" with="">.</vehicles>	7	P.55-17
When the heater control knob is set to the "MAX COOL" position, the air conditioning does not cool sufficiently.	8.	P.55-19
Warm air does not go out from the air outlets.	9.	P.55-21

NOTE: For symptoms marked with an asterisk the condenser fan might not operate when there is an air conditioning low load from the air conditioning condenser control, so remove the battery terminal (–) and then check the symptoms after 5 minutes since initial start control after reconnection.

SYMPTOM PROCEDURES

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 1: When the Ignition Switch is "ON" the A/C does not Operate.

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for refrigerant leaks.

Q: Is the refrigerant leaking?

YES: Repair the leak. Then go to Step 11.

NO: Go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check for excessive refrigerant.

Q: Is the refrigerant in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 3.

NO: Use the refrigerant recovery station to remove all of the refrigerant, and then calculate the amount of the refrigerant and charge it. Then go to Step 11.

STEP 3. Check the A/C compressor relay continuity.

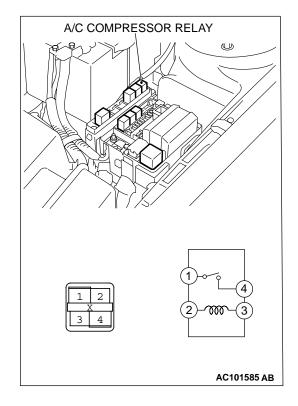
Follow the table below to check the A/C compressor relay for continuity.

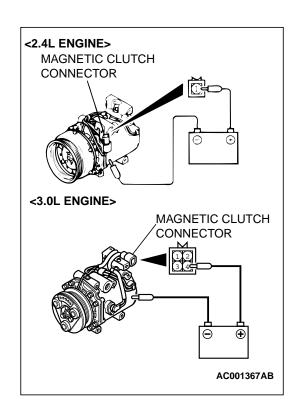
BATTERY VOLTAGE	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
Not applied	1 – 4	Open circuit
 Connect terminal 2 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 3 to the negative battery terminal 	1 – 4	Less than 2 ohm

Q: Is the A/C compressor relay in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 4.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 11.





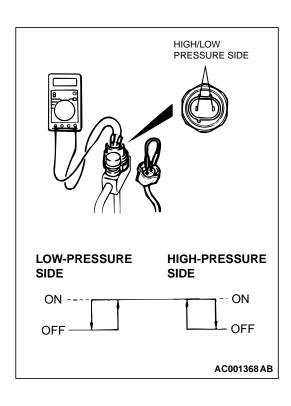
STEP 4. Check the magnetic clutch operation.

Connect the battery (+) terminal to the compressor magnetic clutch connector terminal 1; <2.4L engine>/terminal 4; <3.0L engine>, and ground the battery (–) terminal to the body of the compressor.

Q: Can the sound of the magnetic clutch (click) be heard?

YES: Go to Step 5.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 11.



STEP 5. Check the dual pressure switch operation.

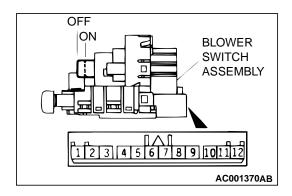
- (1) Remove the dual pressure switch connector and connect the high/low pressure side terminals located on the harness side as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Install a gauge manifold to the high-pressure side service valve of the refrigerant line. (Refer to P.55-26.)
- (3) When the high/low pressure sides of the dual pressure switch are at operation pressure (ON) and the resistance is less than 2 ohm between the respective terminals, then the condition is normal. If open loop, replace the switch.

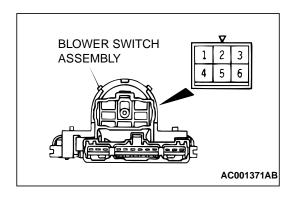
ITEMS	SWITCH POSITION		
	being turned on	being turned off	
Low-pressure side kPa (psi)	221 (32.1)	196 (28.4)	
High-pressure side kPa (psi)	2,354 (341.4)	2,942 (426.7)	

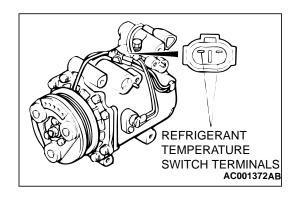
Q: Is the dual pressure switch operating properly?

YES: Go to Step 6.

NO: Replace the switch. Then go to Step 11.







STEP 6. Check the A/C switch continuity.

Follow the table below to check the A/C switch for continuity.

SWITCH POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION (CONNECTOR B)	SPECIFIED CONDITION
OFF	5 – 6	Open circuit
ON	5 – 6	Less than 2 ohm

Q: Is the A/C switch continuity in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 7.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 11.

STEP 7. Check the blower switch continuity.

Follow the table below to check the blower switch for continuity.

SWITCH POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION (CONNECTOR A)	SPECIFIED CONDITION
0 (OFF)	1 - 3, 3 - 4, 3 - 5, 3 - 6	Open circuit
1 (LO)	3 – 5	Less than 2 ohm
2 (ML)	1 – 3	Less than 2 ohm
3 (MH)	3 – 6	Less than 2 ohm
4 (HI)	3 – 4	Less than 2 ohm

Q: Is the blower switch continuity in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 8.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 11.

STEP 8. Check the refrigerant-temperature switch operation.

When the A/C is off, check that there is less than 2 ohm between the refrigerant-temperature switch terminals.

Q: Is the refrigerant-temperature switch in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 9.

NO: If the switch has an open circuit, replace the switch.

Then go to Step 11.

STEP 9. Measure the automatic compressor controller terminal voltage.

Refer to P.55-22.

Q: Is the automatic compressor controller terminal voltage good?

YES: Go to Step 10.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 11.

STEP 10. Measure the engine control module <M/T>/the powertrain control module <A/T> terminal voltage.

Refer to GROUP 13A, Diagnosis – Check at the Engine Control Module (ECM) <M/T> or Powertrain Control Module (PCM) <A/T> <2.4L engine>P.13A-554.

Refer to GROUP 13B, Diagnosis – Check at the Engine Control Module (ECM) <M/T> or Powertrain Control Module (PCM) <A/T> <3.0L engine>P.13B-655.

Q: Is the terminal voltage in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 11.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 11.

STEP 11. Check symptoms.

Q: Is the A/C operating properly?

YES: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to GROUP 00, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points – How to Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

NO: Go to Step 1.

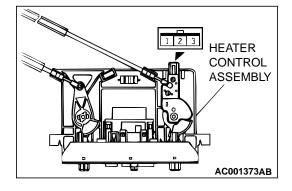
INSPECTION PROCEDURE 2: When the Air Outlet Changeover Control Knob is moved to Defroster or Defroster/Foot Position, the A/C or the Inside/Outside Air Changeover Damper Motor does not Operate.



STEP 1. Check the defroster switch continuity.

Follow the table below to check the defroster switch for continuity.

AIR OUTLET CHANGEOVER CONTROL KNOB POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
At the "DEFROSTER" or "DEFROSTER/ FOOT" position	2 – 3	Less than 2 ohm
At the other positions	1 – 3	Less than 2 ohm



Q: Is the defroster switch in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 2.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 2.

STEP 2. Check each A/C part.

Refer to Inspection Procedure 1.

Q: Is the A/C operating properly?

YES: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to GROUP 00, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points – How to Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

NO: Go to Step 1.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 3: When the A/C is Operating, Temperature Inside the Passenger Compartment does not Decrease (Cool Air not Emitted).

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for refrigerant leaks.

Q: Is the refrigerant leaking?

YES: Repair. Then go to Step 6.

NO: Go to Step 2.



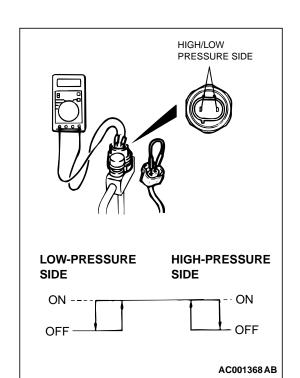
- (1) Remove the dual pressure switch connector and connect the high/low pressure side terminals located on the harness side as shown in the illustration.
- (2) Install a gauge manifold to the high-pressure side service valve of the refrigerant line. (Refer to P.55-26.)
- (3) When the high/low pressure sides of the dual pressure switch are at operation pressure (ON) and there is continuity between the respective terminals.

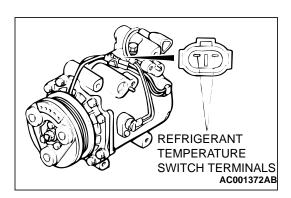
ITEMS	SWITCH POSITION		
	being turned on	being turned off	
Low-pressure side kPa (psi)	221 (32.1)	196 (28.4)	
High-pressure side kPa (psi)	2,354 (341.4)	2,942 (426.7)	

Q: When the high/low pressure sides of the dual pressure switch are at operation pressure (ON), is there continuity between the respective terminals?

YES: Go to Step 3.

NO: Replace the switch. Then go to Step 6.





STEP 3. Check the refrigerant-temperature switch operation.

Q: When the A/C is off, check that there is continuity between the refrigerant-temperature switch terminals. Is the circuit open loop?

YES: Replace the switch. Then go to Step 6.

NO: If less than 2 ohm, go to Step 4.

STEP 4. Measure the automatic compressor controller terminal voltage.

Q: Is the automatic compressor controller terminal voltage in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 5.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 6.

STEP 5. Measure the engine control module <M/T>/the powertrain control module <A/T> terminal voltage.

- (1) Refer to GROUP 13A, Diagnosis Check at The Engine Control Module (ECM) <M/T> or Powertrain Control Module (PCM) <A/T> <2.4L engine>P.13A-554.
- (2) Refer to GROUP 13B, Diagnosis Check at The Engine Control Module (ECM) <M/T> or Powertrain Control Module (PCM) <A/T> <3.0L engine>P.13B-655.

Q: Is the voltage in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 6.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 6.

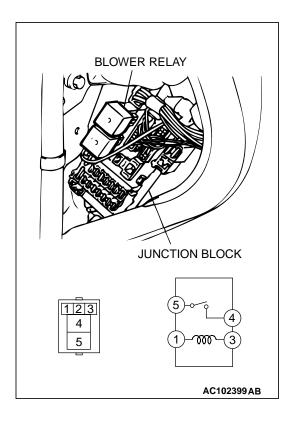
STEP 6. Check symptoms.

Q: Is the cool air discharged?

YES: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to GROUP 00, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points – How to Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

NO: Go to Step 1.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 4: Blower Fan and Motor does not Turn.



DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the blower relay continuity.

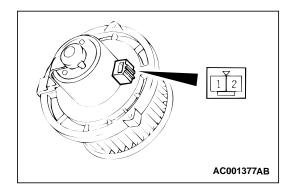
Follow the table below to check the blower relay for continuity.

BATTERY VOLTAGE	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
Not applied	4 – 5	Open circuit
 Connect terminal 3 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 1 to the negative battery terminal 	4 – 5	Less than 2 ohm

Q: Is the blower relay continuity in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 2.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 5.



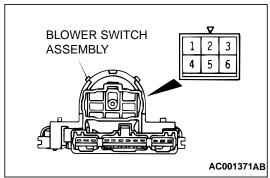
STEP 2. Check the blower fan and motor operation.

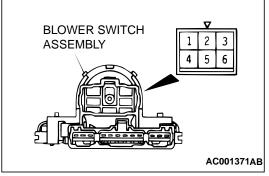
When battery voltage is applied between the terminals, check that the motor operates.

Q: Is there any abnormal noise?

YES: Go to Step 3.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 5.





STEP 3. Check the blower switch continuity.

Follow the table below to check the blower switch for continuity.

SWITCH POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION (CONNECTOR A)	SPECIFIED CONDITION
0 (OFF)	1 - 3, 3 - 4, 3 - 5, 3 - 6	Open circuit
1 (LO)	3 – 5	Less than 2 ohm
2 (ML)	1 – 3	Less than 2 ohm
3 (MH)	3 – 6	Less than 2 ohm
4 (HI)	3 – 4	Less than 2 ohm

Q: Is the blower switch continuity in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 4.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 5.

STEP 4. Check the resistor resistance value.

Use an ohmmeter to measure the resistance between the terminals as indicated below. Check that the measured value is at the standard value.

Standard value:

MEASUREMENT TERMINAL	STANDARD VALUE Ω
Between terminals 3 and 2 (LO)	2.3
Between terminals 3 and 4 (ML)	1.1
Between terminals 3 and 1 (MH)	0.4

Q: Is the measured value at the standard value?

YES: Go to Step 5.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 5.

STEP 5. Check symptoms.

Q: Is the blower fan and motor turned?

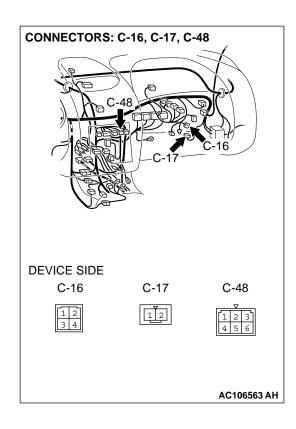
YES: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to GROUP 00, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points - How to Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

NO: Go to Step 1.



AC001379AB

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 5: Blower Fan and Motor does not Stop Turning.



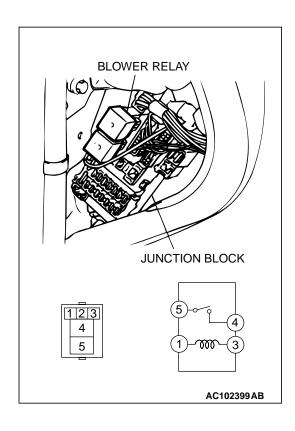
DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the wiring harness between the blower fan and motor connector C-17 (terminal 1), the resistor connector C-16 (terminals 1, 2, 3 and 4) and the blower switch connector C-48 (terminals 1, 4, 5 and 6).

Q: Is the wiring harness between the blower fan and motor connector C-17 (terminal 1), the resistor connector C-16(terminal 1, 2, 3 and 4), and the blower switch connector C-48 (terminals 1, 4, 5 and 6) in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 2.

NO: Repair the wiring harness. Then go to Step 4.



STEP 2. Check the blower relay continuity.

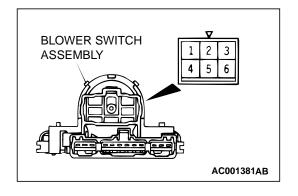
Follow the table below to check the blower relay for continuity.

BATTERY VOLTAGE	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
Not applied	4 – 5	Open circuit
 Connect terminal 3 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 1 to the negative battery terminal 	4 – 5	Less than 2 ohm

Q: Is the blower relay continuity in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 3.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 4.



STEP 3. Check the blower switch continuity.

Follow the table below to check the blower switch for continuity.

SWITCH POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION (CONNECTOR A)	SPECIFIED CONDITION
0 (OFF)	1-3, 3-4, 3-5, 3-6	Open circuit
1 (LO)	3 – 5	Less than 2 ohm
2 (ML)	1 – 3	Less than 2 ohm
3 (MH)	3 – 6	Less than 2 ohm
4 (HI)	3 – 4	Less than 2 ohm

Q: Is the blower switch continuity in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 4.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 4.

STEP 4. Check symptoms.

Q: Does the blower motor stop turning?

YES: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to GROUP 00, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points – How to Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

NO: Go to Step 1.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 6: When the A/C is Operating Condenser Fan or Radiator Fan does not Turn.

FAN CONTROL RELAY AC102927AB

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the fan control relay continuity.

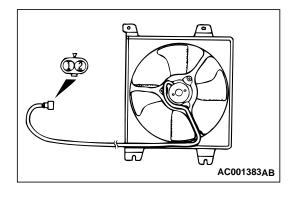
Follow the table below to check the fan control relay for continuity.

BATTERY VOLTAGE	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
Not applied	1 – 4	Open circuit
 Connect terminal 3 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 2 to the negative battery terminal 	1 – 4	Less than 2 ohm

Q: Is the fan control relay continuity in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 2.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 4.



STEP 2. Check the condenser fan motor operation <vehicles with 3.0L engine>.

Check to be sure that the condenser fan motor operates when battery voltage is applied to terminal 2 and terminal 1 grounded.

Q: Is the condenser fan motor operating correctly?

YES: Go to Step 3.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Measure the fan controller terminal voltage.

Refer to GROUP 14, On-vehicle Service – Fan Control Module Check P.14-19.

Q: Is the fan controller terminal voltage in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 4.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 4.

STEP 4. Check symptoms.

NOTE: Condenser fan might not operate when there is an air conditioning low load from the air conditioning condenser control, so remove the negative battery terminal and then check the symptoms after 5 minutes since initial start control after reconnecting.

Q: Is the condenser fan or radiator fan operating correctly?

YES: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to GROUP 00, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points – How to Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

NO: Go to Step 1.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 7: The A/C Indicator Flashes < Vehicles with 3.0L Engine>

THE A/C INDICATOR FLASHES.

STEP 1. Check the drive belt tension.

Refer to GROUP 00, Lubrication and Maintenance Service – Drive Belts P.00-34.

Q: Is the drive belt tension in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 2.

NO: Repair. Then go to Step 5.

STEP 2. Check the revolution pick-up sensor.

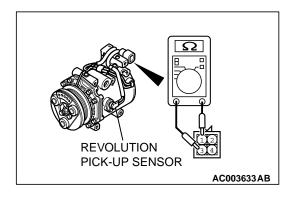
Measure the resistance between terminals 1 and 3. Check that the measured value is at the standard value.

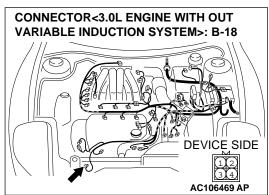
Standard value: 405 \pm 35 Ω when the ambient temperature is 20 °C (68 °F)

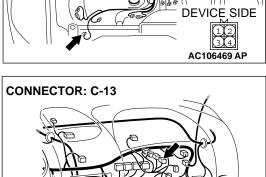
Q: Is the measured value at the standard value?

YES: Go to Step 3.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 5.

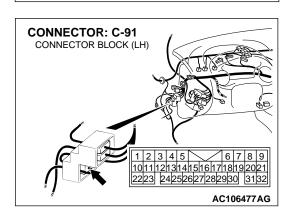






DEVICE SIDE

AC106552 AB



STEP 3. Check the harness wire between the compressor connector B-18 (terminals 1, 3 and 4) and automatic compressor controller connector C-13 (terminals 21, 23 and 24).

NOTE: Also check intermediate connector B-13 and C-28. If intermediate connectors B-13 and C-28 is damaged, repair or replace the connector as described in GROUP 00E, Harness Connector Inspection P.00E-2.

Q: Is the harness wire between the compressor connector B-18 (terminals 1, 3 and 4) and automatic compressor controller connector C-13 (terminals 21, 23 and 24) in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 4.

NO: Repair. Then go to Step 5.

STEP 4. Measure the automatic compressor controller terminal voltage.

Refer to P.55-22.

Q: Is the automatic compressor controller terminal voltage in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 5.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 5.

STEP 5. Check symptoms.

Q: Does the A/C indicator flashes?

YES: Go to Step 1.

NO: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to GROUP 00, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points – How to

Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

INSPACTION PROCEDURE 8: When the Heater Control Knob is Set to the "MAX COOL" Position, the Air-Conditioning does not Cool Sufficiently.

DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check for refrigerant leaks.

Q: Is the refrigerant leaking?

YES: Repair. Then go to Step 4.

NO: Go to Step 2.

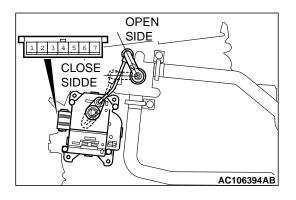
STEP 2. Check the water shut motor

⚠ CAUTION

When the motor stops, disconnect the battery cable.

Follow the table below to check the water shut motor for correct operation.

LEVER POSITION	BATTERY CONNECTION	LEVER OPERATION
At the open position	 Connect terminal 1 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 7 to the negative battery terminal 	The lever moves from the open position to the closed position
At the close position	 Connect terminal 1 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 5 to the negative battery terminal 	The lever moves from the closed position to the open position

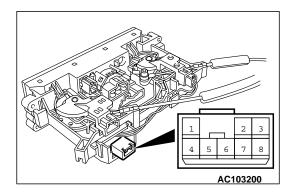


Q: Does water shut motor work normally?

YES: Go to Step 3.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 4.

TSB Revision



STEP 3. Check the water shut valve controller continuity. Follow the table below to check the water shut valve controller for continuity.

SWITCH POSITION	BATTERY CONNECTION	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
At the "MAX	Connect terminal 1 to	5 – 6	Less than 2 ohm
COOL" position	the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 5 to the negative battery terminal	2 – 5	Open circuit
At the other positions	Not applied	2 – 5	Less than 2 ohm
		5 – 6	Open circuit

Q: Is the water shut valve controller in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 4.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 4.

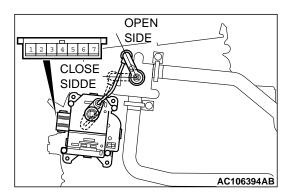
STEP 4. Check symptoms.

Q: Is the cool air discharged?

YES: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to Introduction, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points – How to Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

NO: Go to Step 1.

INSPACTION PROCEDURE 9: Warm Air does not Go Out From the Air Outlets



DIAGNOSIS

STEP 1. Check the water shut motor

⚠ CAUTION

When the motor stops, disconnect battery cable.

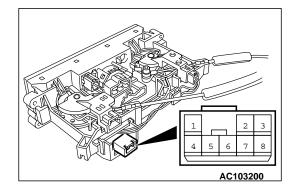
Follow the table below to check the water shut motor for correct operation.

LEVER POSITION	BATTERY CONNECTION	LEVER OPERATION
At the open position	 Connect terminal 1 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 7 to the negative battery terminal 	The lever moves from the open position to the closed position
At the close position	 Connect terminal 1 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 5 to the negative battery terminal 	The lever moves from the closed position to the open position

Q: Does water shut motor work normally?

YES: Go to Step 2.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 3.



STEP 2. Check the water shut valve controller continuity. Follow the table below to check the water shut valve controller for continuity.

SWITCH POSITION	BATTERY CONNECTION	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
"MAX	Connect terminal 1 to		Less than 2 ohm
COOL" position	the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 5 to the negative battery terminal	2 – 5	Open circuit
At the other positions	Not applied	2 – 5	Less than 2 ohm
		5 – 6	Open circuit

Q: Is the water shut valve controller in good condition?

YES: Go to Step 3.

NO: Replace. Then go to Step 3.

STEP 3. Check symptoms.

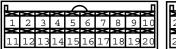
Q: Is the cool air discharged?

YES: This diagnosis is complete. (If no malfunctions are not found in all steps, an intermittent malfunction is suspected. Refer to Introduction, How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points – How to Cope with Intermittent Malfunction P.00-6.)

NO: Go to Step 1.

CHECK AT ECU TERMINAL

M1552010300237





AC002292

TERMINAL NO.	INSPECTION	INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS	NORMAL CONDITION
1	Power supply	Ignition switch: "LOCK" (OFF)	0 V
		Ignition switch: "ON"	Battery positive voltage
2	nput from thermistor sensor to	Ignition switch and A/C switch: OFF	0 V
	controller	Ignition switch and A/C switch: ON	2 – 5 V
3	Thermistor sensor power supply	Ignition switch and A/C switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch and A/C switch: ON	5 V

TERMINAL NO.	INSPECTION	INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS	NORMAL CONDITION
4, 5	Output from controller to engine control module <m t="">/</m>	Air thermistor sensor detection temperature: 5°C (41.0°F) or less	0 V
	powertrain control module <a <="" td=""><td>Air thermistor sensor detection temperature: 55C (46.45F) or less</td><td>Battery positive voltage</td>	Air thermistor sensor detection temperature: 55C (46.45F) or less	Battery positive voltage
6	-	_	_
7	Input from A/C switch (outside/inside air selection damper	Outside air switch: ON Inside air switch: OFF	0 V
	control switch) to controller	Outside air switch: OFFInside air switch: ON	Battery positive voltage
8	Input from defroster switch	Defroster switch (FOOT): ON	0 V
	(FOOT) to controller	Defroster switch (FOOT): OFF	Battery positive voltage
9	Input from defroster switch	Defroster switch (DEF): ON	0 V
	(DEF) to controller	Defroster switch (DEF): OFF	Battery positive voltage
10	Input from A/C switch to	A/C switch: OFF	0 V
	controller	A/C switch: ON	Battery positive voltage
11	Ground	Always	0 V
12	_	_	_
13	Input from A/C switch (outside/ inside air selection damper control switch) to controller	Outside air switch: ON Inside air switch: OFF	Battery positive voltage
		Outside air switch: OFF Inside air switch: ON	0 V
14	Input from A/C switch (IND) to	A/C switch: OFF	0 V
	controller	A/C switch: ON	Battery positive voltage
15	-	-	_
16	Output from controller to outside/inside air selection	Outside air switch: ONInside air switch: OFF	Battery positive voltage
	damper control motor	Outside air switch: OFF Inside air switch: ON	0 V
17	Output from controller to outside/inside air selection damper control motor	Outside air switch: ON Inside air switch: OFF	0 V
		Outside air switch: OFF Inside air switch: ON	Battery positive voltage
18	Input from taillight relay to	Taillight relay: OFF	0 V
	controller	Taillight relay: ON	Battery positive voltage
19	Input from blower switch (LO) to controller	Blower switch (LO): OFF	0 V
		Blower switch (LO): ON	Battery positive voltage
20	_	_	_
21	Input from A/C compressor	A/C compressor relay: OFF	0 V
	relay to controller	A/C compressor relay: ON	Battery positive voltage

HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING SPECIAL TOOLS

TERMINAL NO.	INSPECTION	INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS	NORMAL CONDITION
22	Input from distributor assembly to controller	Ignition switch: "LOCK" (OFF)	0 V
		Ignition switch: "ON" (engine stopped)	Battery positive voltage
		Ignition switch: "ON" (engine stopped)	0 V – Battery positive voltage
23	Revolution pick-up sensor	Ignition switch and A/C switch: OFF	0 V
	power supply	Ignition switch and A/C switch: ON	5 V
24	Input from revolution pick-up sensor relay to controller	A/C compressor relay: OFF	0 V
		A/C compressor relay: ON	2 – 5 V

TROUBLESHOOTING HINT

M1552013400147

Condenser fan and radiator fan control

 Refer to GROUP 14, Diagnosis – Symptom Chart
 Refer to P.55-3. P.14-3.

Compressor control

SPECIAL TOOLS

M1552000600174

TOOL	TOOL NUMBER AND NAME	SUPERSESSION	APPLICATION
B991367	MB991367 Special spanner	MB991367-01	Armature mounting nut of compressor removal and installation
B991386	MB991386 Pin	MIT217213	Armature mounting nut of compressor removal and installation

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

REFRIGERANT LEVEL TEST

M1552008400196

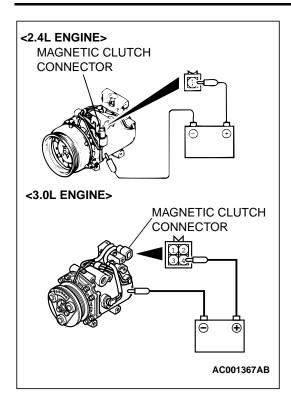
Use the refrigerant recovery station to remove all of the refrigerant, and then calculate the amount of the refrigerant and charge it.

MAGNETIC CLUTCH TEST

M1552008500245

1. Disconnect the magnetic clutch connector to the magnetic clutch.

TSB Revision



- 2. Connect positive battery voltage directly to the connector for the magnetic clutch.
- 3. If the magnetic clutch is normal, there will be "click." If the pullet and armature do not make contact ("click"), there is a malfunction.

RECEIVER DRIER TEST

M1552008600156

Operate the unit and check the piping temperature by touching the receiver drier outlet and inlet.

If there is a difference in the temperatures, the receiver drier is restricted.

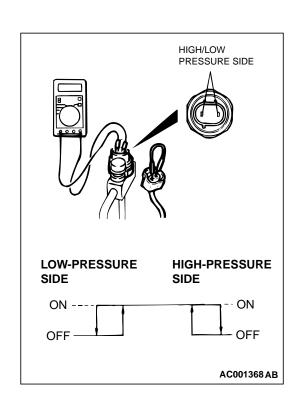
Replace the receiver drier.

PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK

M1552010400171

- 1. Remove the dual pressure switch connector and connect the high/low pressure side terminals located on the harness side as shown in the illustration.
- 2. Install a gauge manifold to the high-pressure side service valve of the refrigerant line. (Refer to P.55-26.)
- 3. When the high/low pressure sides of the dual pressure switch are at operation pressure (ON) and there is continuity between the respective terminals, then the condition is normal. If there is no continuity, replace the switch.

ITEMS	SWITCH POSITION		
	OFF to ON	ON to OFF	
Low-pressure side kPa (psi)	221 (32.1)	196 (28.4)	
High-pressure side kPa (psi)	2,354 (341.4)	2,942 (426.7)	



COMPRESSOR DRIVE BELT ADJUSTMENT

M1552001000175

Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Drive Belts P.00-44.

CHARGING

M1552001200180

Use the refrigerant recovery station to charge the refrigerant.

METHOD BY USING REFRIGERANT RECOVERY AND RECYCLING UNIT

Using the refrigerant recovery and recycling unit, refill the refrigerant.

NOTE: Refer to that Refrigerant Recovery and Recycling Unit Instruction Manual for operation of the unit.

DISCHARGING SYSTEM

Use the refrigerant recovery unit to discharge refrigerant gas from the system.

NOTE: Refer to that Refrigerant Recovery and Recycling Unit Instruction Manual for operation of the unit.

REFILLING OF OIL IN THE A/C SYSTEM

Too little oil will provide inadequate compressor lubrication and cause a compressor failure. Too much oil will increase discharge air temperature.

When a compressor is installed at the factory, it contains 120 cm³ (4.1 floz) of refrigerant oil. While the A/C system is in operation, the oil is carried through the entire system by the refrigerant. Some of this oil will be trapped and retained in various parts of the system.

When the following system components are changed, it is necessary to add oil to the system to replace the oil being removed with the component.

Compressor oil: SUN PAG 56

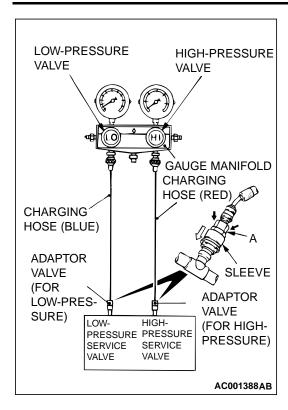
Quantity:

Evaporator: 60 cm³ (2.0 floz)
Condenser: 15 cm³ (0.5 floz)
Suction hose: 10 cm³ (0.3 floz)

PERFORMANCE TEST

M1552001400173

The vehicles to be tested should be in a place that is not in direct sunlight.



- 1. Close the high and low-pressure valve of the gauge manifold.
- 2. Connect the charging hose (blue) to the low-pressure valve and connect the charging hose (red) to the high-pressure valve of the gauge manifold.
- 3. Install the quick joint (for low-pressure) to the charging hose (blue), and connect the quick joint (for high-pressure) to the charging hose (red).

⚠ CAUTION

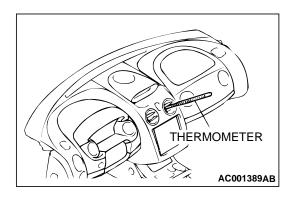
- To connect the quick joint, press section A firmly against the service valve until a click is heard.
- When connecting, run your hand along the hose while pressing to ensure that there are no bends in the hose.

NOTE: The high-pressure service valve is on A/C pipe and the low-pressure service valve is on the suction hose.

- 4. Connect the quick joint (for low-pressure) to the low-pressure service valve and connect the quick joint (for high-pressure) to the high-pressure service valve.
- 5. Start the engine.
- 6. Set the A/C controls as follows:
- A/C switch: A/C ON position
- Mode selection: FACE position
- Temperature control: MAXIMUM COOLING position
- Air selection: RECIRCULATION position
- Blower switch: "4" (Fast) position
- 7. Adjust engine speed to 1,500 r/min with A/C clutch engaged.
- 8. Engine should be warmed up with doors and windows closed.
- 9. Insert a thermometer in the center air outlet and operate the engine for 20 minutes.

NOTE: If the clutch cycles, take the reading before the clutch disengages.

10. Note the discharge air temperature.



Performance Temperature Chart

GARAGE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE °C (°F)	20 (68)	25 (77)	35 (95)	40 (104)
Discharge air temperature °C (°F)	5.0 – 10.0	6.0 – 10.5	7.5 – 12.0	7.5 – 12.5
	(42 – 50)	(43 – 51)	(46 – 54)	(46 – 55)
Compressor high pressure kPa (psi)	1,540 – 1,935	1,618 – 2,000	2,070 – 2,205	2,140 – 2,620
	(224 – 281)	(235 – 290)	(301 – 320)	(311 – 380)
Compressor low pressure kPa (psi)	125 – 155	125 – 155	150 – 180	145 – 190
	(18 – 23)	(18 – 23)	(22 – 26)	(21 – 28)

REFRIGERANT LEAK REPAIR PROCEDURE

LOST CHARGE

If the system has lost all charge due to a leak:

- 1. Evacuate the system. (Refer to P.55-26.)
- 2. Charge the system with approximately 0.453 kg (1 pound) of refrigerant.
- 3. Check for leaks.
- 4. Discharge the system.
- 5. Repair leaks.

⚠ CAUTION

Replacement filter-drier units must be sealed while in storage. The drier used in these units will saturate water quickly upon exposure to the atmosphere. When installing a drier, have all tools and supplies ready for quick assembly to avoid keeping the system open any longer than necessary.

- 6. Replace receiver drier.
- 7. Evacuate and charge system.

LOW CHARGE

If the system has not lost all of its refrigerant charge; locate and repair all leaks. If it is necessary to increase the system pressure to find the leak (because of an especially low charge) add refrigerant. If it is possible to repair the leak without discharging the refrigerant system, use the procedure for correcting low refrigerant level.

COMPRESSOR NOISE CHECK

You must first know the conditions when the noise occurs. These conditions are: weather, vehicle speed, in gear or neutral, engine temperature or any other special conditions.

Noises that develop during A/C operation can often be misleading. For example: what sounds like a failed front bearing or connecting rod, may be caused by loose bolts, nuts, mounting brackets, or a loose clutch assembly. Verify accessory drive belt tension (power steering or generator).

Improper accessory drive belt tension can cause a misleading noise when the compressor is engaged and little or no noise when the compressor is disengaged.

Drive belts are speed-sensitive. That is, at different engine speeds, and depending upon belt tension, belts can develop unusual noises that are often mistaken for mechanical problems within the compressor.

HANDLING TUBING AND FITTINGS M1552001500158

Kinks in the refrigerant tubing or sharp bends in the refrigerant hose lines will greatly reduce the capacity of the entire system. High pressures are produced in the system when it is operating. Extreme care must be exercised to make sure that all connections are pressure tight. Dirt and moisture can enter the system when it is opened for repair or replacement of lines or components. The following precautions must be observed. The system must be completely discharged before opening any fitting of connection in the refrigeration system. Open fittings with caution even after the system has been discharged. If any pressure is noticed as a fitting is loosened, allow trapped pressure to bleed off very slowly. Never attempt to rebend formed lines to fit. Use the correct line for the installation you are servicing. A good rule for the flexible hose lines is keep the radius of all bends at least 10 times the diameter of the

Sharper bends will reduce the flow of refrigerant. The flexible hose lines should be routed so that they are at least 80 mm (3.1 inches) from the exhaust manifold. It is good practice to inspect all flexible hose lines at least once a year to make sure they are in good condition and properly routed.

On standard plumbing fittings with O-rings, these O-rings are not reusable.

M1552008700153

ADJUSTMENT

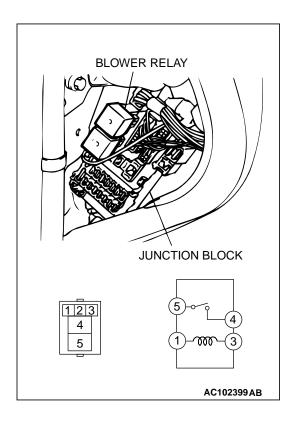
- Select a quiet area for testing. Duplicate conditions as much as possible. Switch compressor on and off several times to clearly identify compressor noise. To duplicate high ambient conditions (high head pressure), restrict air flow through condenser. Install manifold gauge set to make sure discharge pressure doesn't exceed 2,070 kPa (300.2 psi).
- Tighten all compressor mounting bolts, clutch mounting bolt, and compressor drive belt. Check to assure clutch coil is tight (no rotation or wobble).
- 3. Check refrigerant hoses for rubbing or interference that can cause unusual noises.
- 4. Check refrigerant charge. (Refer to P.55-26.)
- 5. Recheck compressor noise as in Step 1.
- 6. If noise still exists, loosen compressor mounting bolts and retighten. Repeat Step 1.
- 7. If noise continues, replace compressor and repeat Step 1.

TSB Revision

INSPECTION

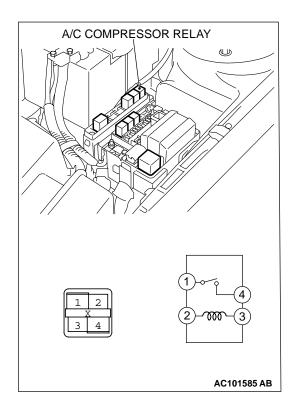
M1551006300093

BLOWER RELAY CONTINUITY CHECK

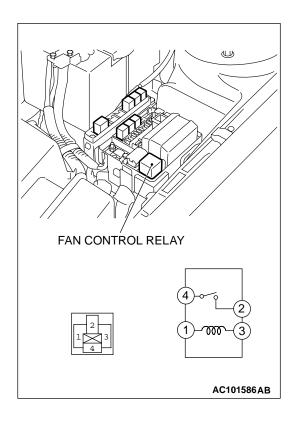


BATTERY VOLTAGE	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
Not applied	4 – 5	Open circuit
 Connect terminal 3 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 1 to the negative battery terminal 	4 – 5	Less than 2 ohm

A/C COMPRESSOR RELAY CONTINUITY CHECK



BATTERY VOLTAGE	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
Not applied	1 – 4	Open circuit
 Connect terminal 2 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 3 to the negative battery terminal 	1 – 4	Less than 2 ohm



FAN CONTROL RELAY CONTINUITY CHECK

BATTERY VOLTAGE	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
Not applied	1 – 4	Open circuit
 Connect terminal 3 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 2 to the negative battery terminal 	1 – 4	Less than 2 ohm

IDLE-UP OPERATION CHECK

M1552001600188

- 1. Before inspection and adjustment, set vehicle in the following condition:
- Engine coolant temperature: $80 90 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (176.0 194.0 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$
- · Lights, electric cooling fan and accessories: Set to OFF
- Transmission: Neutral ("N" or "P" for vehicles with A/T)
- Steering wheel: Straightforward
- Check whether or not the idle speed is the standard value.
 2.4L Engine>: Refer to GROUP 13A, On-vehicle Service –
 Basic Idle Speed Adjustment P.13A-577.

<3.0L Engine>: Refer to GROUP 13B, On-vehicle Service – Basic Idle Speed Adjustment P.13B-679.

Standard value:

- <2.4L engine> 750 ± 100 r/min
- <3.0L engine> 700 \pm 100 r/min

NOTE: . Check 4 minutes after idling begins.

3. When the A/C is running after turning the A/C switch to ON, and the blower switch to the 3(MH) or 4(HI) position, check to be sure that the idle speed is at the standard value.

Standard value: 850 \pm 100 r/min

NOTE: . The engine control module <M/T>/the powertrain control module <A/T> determines whether the A/C load is low or high according to the output signal from the automatic compressor controller.

NOTE: . It is not necessary to make an adjustment, because the idling speed is automatically adjusted by the ISC system. If, however, a deviation from the standard value occurs for some reason, check the ISC system.

NOTE: . Check 4 minutes after idling begins.

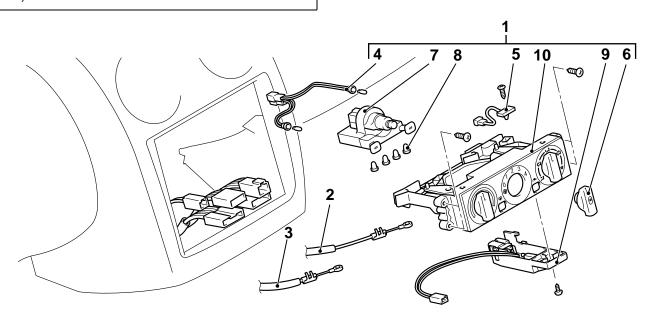
HEATER CONTROL ASSEMBLY AND A/C SWITCH

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1552002400154

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

- Center Panel Assembly, Front Driver's Side Under Cover and Front Passenger's Side Under Cover Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 52A, Instrument Panel P.52A-3.)
- Radio and Tape Player Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 54A, Audio System - Radio and Tape Player, CD Player and CD Auto Changer P.54A-217.)
- Floor Console Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 52A, Floor Console P.52A-8.)
- Instrument Panel Center Reinforcement Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 52A, Instrument Panel P.52A-3.)
- Foot Duct (LH) Removal and Installation (Refer to P.55-54.)



AC106418AB

REMOVAL STEPS

<<A>> >>A<< <>>

- 1. HEATER CONTROL ASSEMBLY
- 2. AIR OUTLET CHANGEOVER DAMPER LINK CABLE

<>

- AIR MIX DAMPER LEVER CABLE
- 4. BULB HARNESS
- 5. DEFROSTER SWITCH

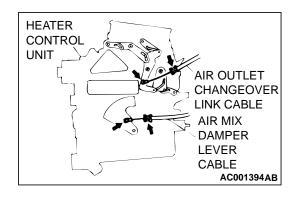
REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- 6. KNOB ASSEMBLY
- 7. HEATER CONTROL PANEL
- 8. BULB
- 9. WATER SHUT VALVE CONTROLLER
- 10. BLOWER SWITCH ASSEMBLY



<<A>> HEATER CONTROL ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

After disconnecting the heater/cooler unit side connections of the air mix damper lever cable and air outlet changeover link cable, remove the heater control assembly.



FLAT-TIPPED SCREWDRIVER CLAW PART AC001395AB

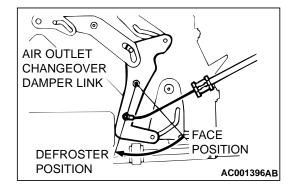
<> AIR MIX DAMPER LEVER CABLE, AIR OUTLET CHANGEOVER DAMPER LINK CABLE REMOVAL

Insert a flat-tipped screwdriver into the control base clip from inner side, and then remove the cable by lifting the claw part of the clip.

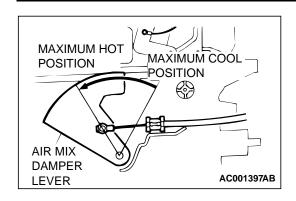
INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

>>A<< HEATER CONTROL ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

- 1. Follow the steps below to install the air outlet changeover damper link cable.
 - (1) Set the air outlet changeover control knob on the heater control assembly to the defroster position.
 - (2) Set the air outlet changeover damper link of the heater/cooler unit to the defroster position as shown in the illustration, and then connect the cable to the link pin.
 - (3) Push the outer cable in the direction so that there is no looseness, and then secure it with the clip.



- 2. Follow the steps below to install the air mix damper lever cable.
 - (1) Set the temperature control knob on the heater control assembly to the maximum hot position.



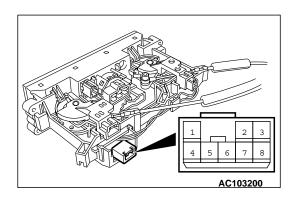
- (2) Set the air mix damper lever of the heater/cooler unit to the maximum hot position as shown in the illustration, and then connect the cable to the lever pin.
- (3) Push the outer cable in the direction so that there is no looseness, and then secure it with the clip.

3. After installation, ensure that each damper operates smoothly by operating the heater control assembly knob.

INSPECTION

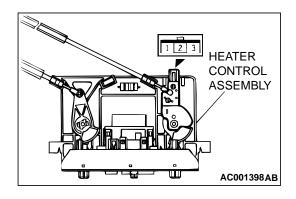
M1552014300198

WATER SHUT VALVE CONTROLLER CONTINUITY CHECK

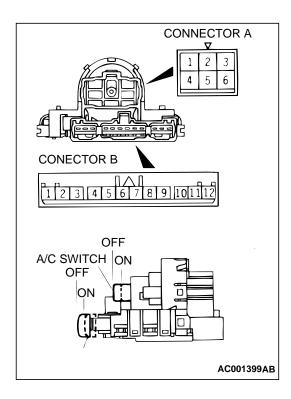


SWITCH POSITION	BATTERY CONNECTION	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
At the "MAX	Connect terminal 1 to	5 – 6	Less than 2 ohm
COOL" position	the positive battery terminal • Connect terminal 5 to the negative battery terminal	2 – 5	Open circuit
At the other positions	Not applied	2 – 5	Less than 2 ohm
		5 – 6	Open circuit

DEFROSTER SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK



AIR OUTLET CHANGEOVER CONTROL KNOB POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION	SPECIFIED CONDITION
At the "DEFROSTER" or "DEFROSTER/FOOT" position	2 – 3	Less than 2 ohm
At the other positions	1 – 3	Less than 2 ohm



BLOWER SWITCH ASSEMBLY CONTINUITY CHECK

1. BLOWER SWITCH

SWITCH POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION (CONNECTOR A)	SPECIFIED CONDITION
0 (OFF)	1 - 3, 3 - 4, 3 - 5, 3 - 6	Open circuit
1 (LO)	3 – 5	Less than 2 ohm
2 (ML)	1 – 3	Less than 2 ohm
3 (MH)	3 – 6	Less than 2 ohm
4 (HI)	3 – 4	Less than 2 ohm

2. A/C SWITCH

SWITCH POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION (CONNECTOR B)	SPECIFIED CONDITION
OFF	5 – 6	Open circuit
ON	5 – 6	Less than 2 ohm

3. INSIDE/OUTSIDE AIR CHANGEOVER SWITCH

SWITCH POSITION	TESTER CONNECTION (CONNECTOR B)	SPECIFIED CONDITION
INSIDE AIR	4 – 5	Open circuit
OUTSIDE AIR	4 – 5	Less than 2 ohm

HEATER UNIT, HEATER CORE, BLOWER ASSEMBLY, EVAPORATOR UNIT

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

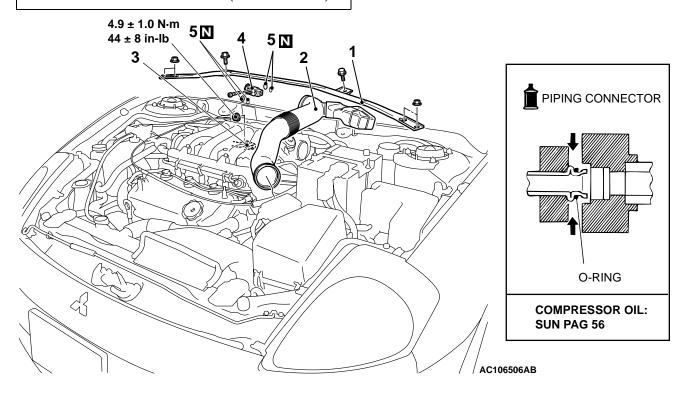
M1552011600134

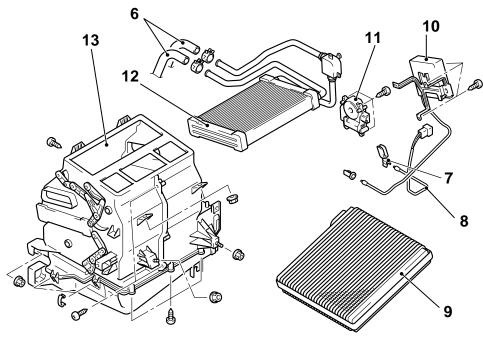
MARNING

When removing and installing the heater unit, do not let it bump against the SRS-ECU or the components.

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

- Front Driver's Side Under Cover, Center Panel Assembly, Glove Box and Front Passenger's Side Under Cover Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 52A, Instrument Panel P.52A-3.)
- Joint Duct Removal and Installation (Refer to P.55-38.)





REMOVAL STEPS

- STRUT TOWER BAR ASSEMBLY
- 2. AIR INTAKE HOSE
- REFRIGERANT DISCHARGING AND CHARGING (REFER TO P.55-26.)
- 3. A/C PIPE ???<VEHICLES WITH A/C>
- 4. EXPANSION VALVE
- 5. O-RING
- 6. HEATER HOSE
- 7. THERMISTOR SENSOR CLIP
- 8. THERMISTOR SENSOR
- >>B<< 9. EVAPORATOR
 - 10. AUTOMATIC COMPRESSOR CONTROLLER
 - ENGINE COOLANT DRAINING AND REFILLING [REFER TO GROUP 00, MAINTENANCE SERVICE - ENGINE COOLANT (CHANGE) P.00-56.]

AC106431AB

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- RADIO AND TAPE PLAYER
 (REFER TO GROUP 54A,
 AUDIO SYSTEM RADIO, TAPE
 PLAYER, CD PLAYER AND CD
 AUTO CHANGER P.54A-217.)
- HEATER CONTROL ASSEMBLY (REFER TO P.55-31.)
- INSTRUMENT PANEL
 ASSEMBLY (REFER TO GROUP
 52A, INSTRUMENT PANEL
 P.52A-3.)
- FRONT DECK CROSSMEMBER
- FLOOR CONSOLE (REFER TO GROUP 52A, FLOOR CONSOLE P.52A-8.)
- INSTRUMENT PANEL CENTER REINFORCEMENT (REFER TO GROUP 52A, INSTRUMENT PANEL P.52A-3.)
- FOOT DUCT (LH/RH) (REFER TO P.55-54.)
- 11. WATER SHUT MOTOR

>>**A**<< 12. HEATER CORE

13. HEATER/COOLER UNIT

<<A>>>

REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

<<A>> A/C PIPE REMOVAL

⚠ CAUTION

Seal the pipes completely, otherwise the compressor oil and receiver will absorb water vapor easily, possibly damaging the compressor and deteriorating performance. Plug the disconnected pipe and the evaporator nipple to prevent foreign material from getting into them.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

>>A<< HEATER CORE INSTALLATION

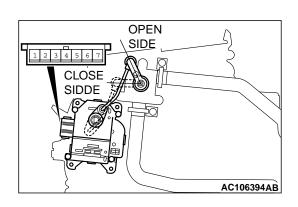
After replacing the heater core, check that the water shut valve is at "OPEN" position when refilling engine coolant.

>>B<< EVAPORATOR INSTALLATION

When replacing the evaporator, refill with a specified amount of compressor oil and install it.

Compressor oil: SUN PAG 56

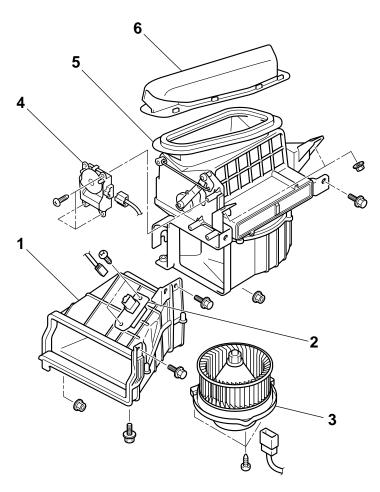
Quantity: 60 cm³ (2.0 floz)

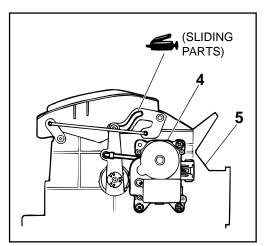


BLOWER ASSEMBLY AND RESISTOR

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1551002800182





REMOVAL STEPS

- GLOVE BOX (OUTER AND INNER) (REFER TO GROUP 52A, INSTRUMENT PANEL P.52A-3.)
- 1. JOINT DUCT
- 2. RESISTOR

AC102580AB

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- 3. BLOWER FAN AND MOTOR
- 4. INSIDE/OUTSIDE AIR CHANGEOVER DAMPER MOTOR
- 5. BLOWER ASSEMBLY
- 6. BLOWER DUCT

INSPECTION

M1551006300101



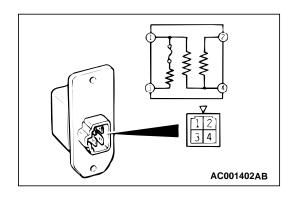
Use an ohmmeter to measure the resistance between the terminals. Check that the measured value is at the standard value.

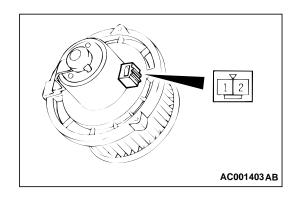
Standard value:

MEASUREMENT TERMINAL	STANDARD VALUE Ω
Between terminals 3 and 2 (LO)	2.3
Between terminals 3 and 4 (ML)	1.1
Between terminals 3 and 1 (MH)	0.4

BLOWER FAN AND MOTOR CHECK

When battery voltage is applied between the terminals, check that the motor operates. Also, check that there is no abnormal noise.

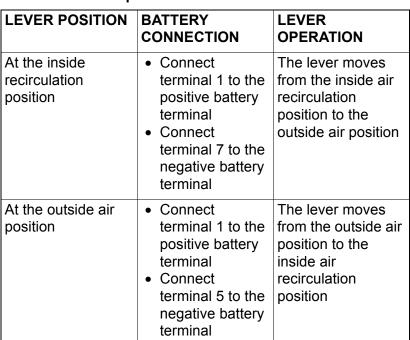


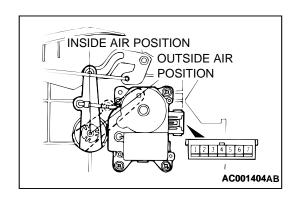


INSIDE/OUTSIDE AIR CHANGEOVER DAMPER MOTOR

⚠ CAUTION

Cut off the battery voltage when the damper is in the inside/outside air position.

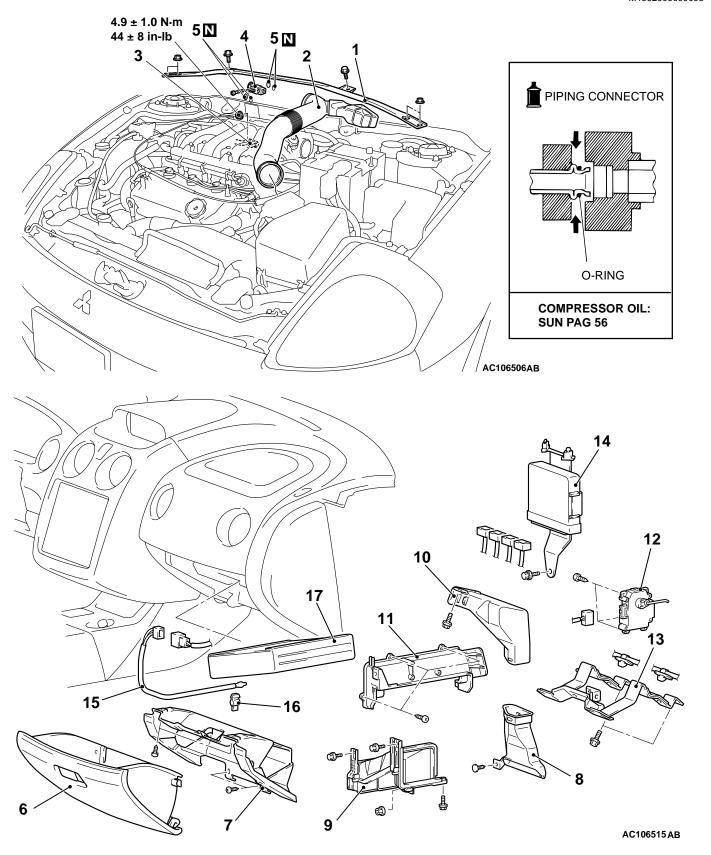




EVAPORATOR ASSEMBLY

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1552003600098



REMOVAL STEPS

- 1. STRUT TOWER BAR ASSEMBLY
- 2. AIR INTAKE HOSE
- REFRIGERANT DISCHARGING AND CHARGING (REFER TO P.55-26.)
- 3. A/C PIPE CONNECTION
- 4. EXPANSION VALVE
- 5. O-RING

<<A>>>

- 6. GLOVE BOX, OUTER
- 7. GLOVE BOX INNER

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- 8. FOOT DUCT LOWER (RH)
- 9. JOINT DUCT
- 10. FOOT DUCT UPPER (RH)
- 11. EVAPORATOR COVER
- 12. INSIDE/OUTSIDE AIR
 CHANGEOVER DAMPER MOTOR
- 13. KNEE ABSORBER
- 14. ECM<M/T> OR PCM <A/T>
- 15. THERMISTOR SENSOR
- 16. THERMISTOR SENSOR CLIP
- 17. EVAPORATOR

REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

<<A>>>

<<A>> FLEXIBLE SUCTION HOSE, LIQUID PIPE B, AND THE EXPANSION DISCONNECTION

⚠ CAUTION

As the compressor oil and receiver are highly moisture absorbent, use a non-porous material to hose and nipples.

To prevent the entry of dust or other foreign bodies, plug the dismantled hose and the nipples of the expansion valves.

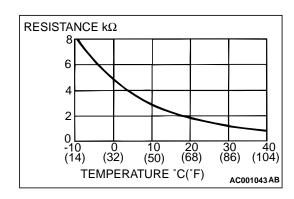
INSPECTION

M1552014300239

THERMISTOR SENSOR INSPECTION

When the resistance between the sensor terminals is measured under two or more temperature conditions, the resistance should approximately satisfy the illustrated values.

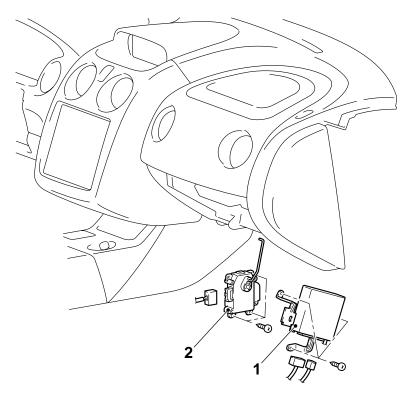
NOTE: The temperature at the check should not exceed the range in the graph.



WATER SHUT MOTOR

WATER SHUT MOTOR REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1552016100026



REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

 GLOVE BOX (REFER TO GROUP 52A, INSTRUMENT PANEL P.52A-3.)

REMOVAL STEPS

 CENTER PANEL ASSEMBLY (REFER TO GROUP 52A, INSTRUMENT PANEL P.52A-3.) UNDER COVER AND FOOT DUCT RH (REFER TO GROUP 55A, INSTRUMENT PANEL P.55-54.)

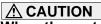
AC106658AB

- 1. AUTOMATIC COMPRESSOR CONTROLLER
- 2. WATER SHUT MOTOR

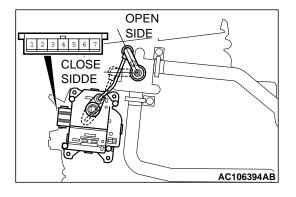
INSPECTION

M1552016200023

WATER SHUT MOTOR CHECK



When the motor stops, disconnect battery cable.



LEVER POSITION	BATTERY CONNECTION	LEVER OPERATION
At the open position	 Connect terminal 1 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 7 to the negative battery terminal 	The lever moves from the open position to the closed position
At the close position	 Connect terminal 1 to the positive battery terminal Connect terminal 5 to the negative battery terminal 	The lever moves from the closed position to the open position

COMPRESSOR ASSEMBLY AND TENSION PULLEY

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

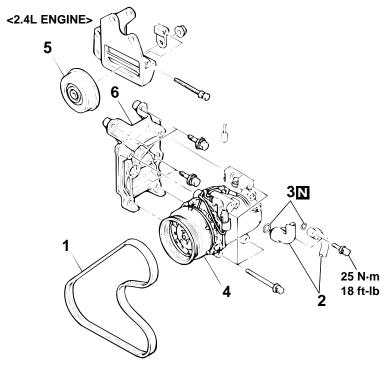
M1552004100126

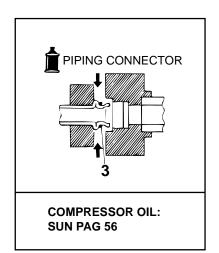
Pre-removal Operation

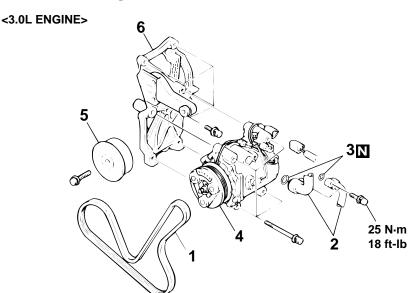
• Refrigerant Discharging (Refer to P.55-26.)

Post-installation Operation

- Drive Belt Tension Adjustment (Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Drive Belt P.00-44.)
- Refrigerant Charging (Refer to P.55-26.)







AC001405AB

REMOVAL STEPS

- CONDENSER FAN MOTOR < 3.0L ENGINE > (REFER TO P.55-50.)
- **DRIVE BELT**

<>

<<C>>

>>A<<

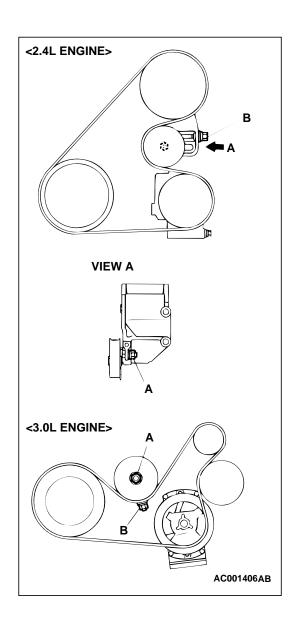
DISCHARGE HOSE AND 2. SUCTION HOSE

- **O-RING** 3.
- COMPRESSOR 4.
- **TENSION PULLEY**
- 6. COMPRESSOR BRACKET

TSB Revision

<<A>>>

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)



REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> DRIVE BELT REMOVAL

- 1. Loosen the nut "A" for holding.
- 2. Loosen the bolt "B" for adjustment.
- 3. Remove the drive belt.

<> DISCHARGE HOSE AND SUCTION HOSE DISCONNECTION

⚠ CAUTION

Seal the hoses completely, otherwise the compressor oil and receiver will absorb water vapor easily, possibly damaging the compressor and deteriorating performance.

Plug the disconnected hose and compressor nipple to prevent foreign matter from getting into them.

<<C>> COMPRESSOR REMOVAL

When removing the compressor, be careful not to spill the compressor oil.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

>>A<< COMPRESSOR INSTALLATION

If a new compressor is installed, first adjust the amount of oil according to the procedures described below, and then install the compressor.

- 1. Measure the amount [X cm³ (X floz)] of oil within the removed compressor.
- 2. Drain (from the new compressor) the amount of oil calculated according to the following formula, and then install the new compressor.

New compressor oil amount

$$100 \text{ cm}^3 - \text{X cm}^3 = \text{Y cm}^3 (3.4 \text{ floz} - \text{X floz} = \text{Y floz})$$

NOTE: Y cm³ (Y floz) indicates the amount of oil in the refrigerant line, the condenser, the evaporator, etc.

NOTE: When replacing the following parts at the same times as the compressor, subtract the rated oil amount of the each part from Y cm³ (Y floz) and discharge from the new compressor.

Quantity:

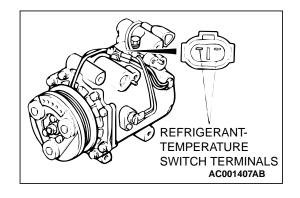
Evaporator: 60 cm³ (2.0 floz)
Condenser: 15 cm³ (0.5 floz)
Suction hose: 10 cm³ (0.3 floz)
Receiver: 10 cm³ (0.3 floz)

INSPECTION

M1552014300206

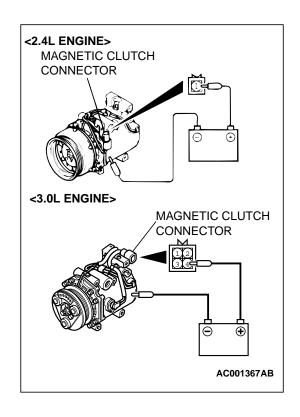
REFRIGERANT TEMPRATURE SWICH CHECK

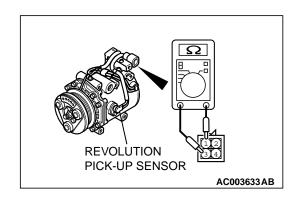
When the A/C is off, check that there is continuity between the refrigerant-temperature switch terminals. If not, replace the switch.



COMPRESSOR MAGNETIC CLUTCH OPERETION CHECK

Connect the battery (+) terminal to the compressor magnetic clutch connector terminal 3, and ground the battery (–) terminal to the body of the compressor. The condition is normal if the sound of the magnetic clutch ("click") can be heard.





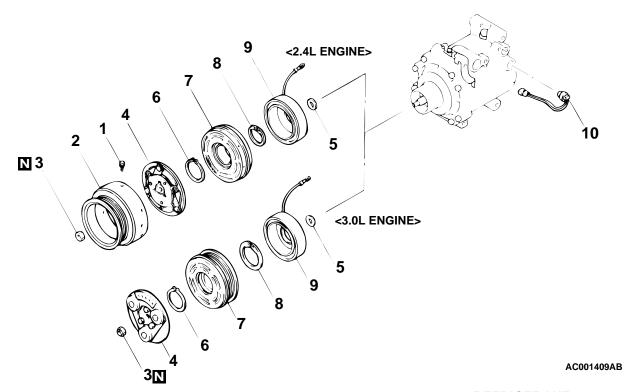
REVOLUTION PICK-UP SENSOR CHECK

Measure the resistance between terminals 1 and 3. Check that the measured value is at the standard value.

Standard value: 405 \pm 35 Ω when the ambient temperature is 20 °C (68 °F)

MAGNETIC CLUTCH DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

M1552004600206



MAGNETIC CLUTCH DISASSEMBLY STEPS

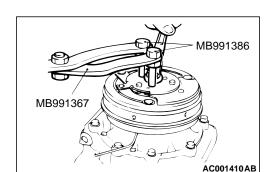
- 1. BOLT <2.4L ENGINE>
- PULLEY <2.4L ENGINE>
- >>E<< AIR GAP ADJUSTMENT
- <<A>> >> D<< 3. NUT
 - >>C<< 4. ARMATURE PLATE
 - 5. SHIMS
 - >>**B**<< 6. SNAP RING
 - 7. ROTOR
 - 8. SNAP RING
 - >>A<< 9. CLUTCH COIL

REFRIGERANT TEMPERATURE SWITCH REMOVAL

10. REFRIGERANT TEMPERATURE SWITCH

Required Special Tools:

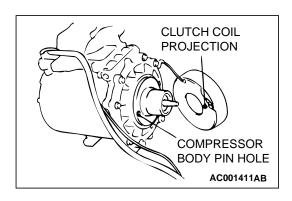
- MB991367: Special Spanner
- MB991386: Pin



DISASSEMBLY SERVICE POINT

<<A>> NUT REMOVAL

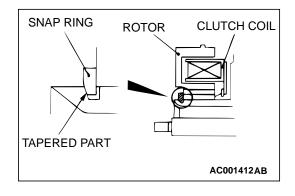
Use special tools MB991367 and MB991386 to hold the magnetic clutch, and remove the nut.



ASSEMBLY SERVICE POINTS

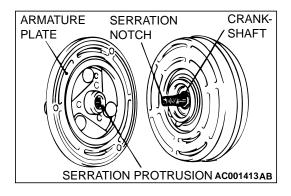
>>A<< CLUTCH COIL INSTALLATION

When installing the clutch coil to the A/C compressor body, install so that the pin hole of the A/C compressor body and the clutch coil projection are aligned.



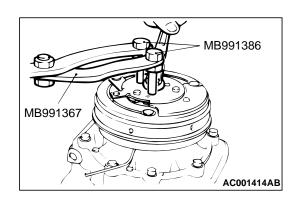
>>B<< SNAP RING INSTALLATION

Install the snap ring so that the tapered surface is to the outside.



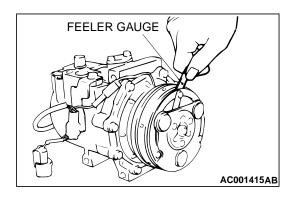
>>C<< ARMATURE PLATE INSTALLATION

Align the serration protrusion on the crankshaft with the notch on the armature and install.



>>D<< NUT INSTALLATION

Use special tools MB991367 and MB991386 to hold the magnetic clutch, and tighten the nut in the same manner as for removal.



>>E<< AIR GAP ADJUSTMENT

Check whether or not the air gap of the clutch is within the standard value.

Standard value:

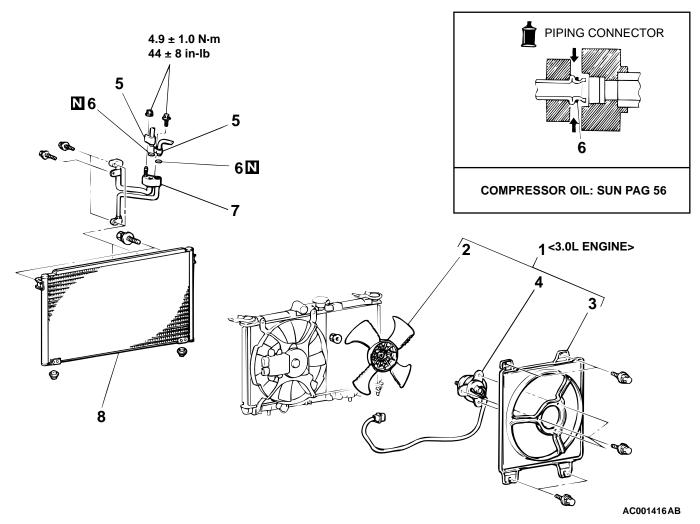
- <2.4L engine> 0.3 0.5 mm (0.012 0.020 inch)
- <3.0L engine> 0.4 0.6 mm (0.016 0.024 inch)

NOTE: If there is a deviation of the air gap from the standard value, make the necessary adjustment by adjusting the number of shims.

CONDENSER AND CONDENSER FAN MOTOR

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1552006700180



<<A>>>

CONDENSER FAN MOTOR <3.0L ENGINE> REMOVAL STEPS

- 1. CONDENSER FAN MOTOR AND SHROUD ASSEMBLY
- 2. CONDENSER FAN
- SHROUD
- 4. CONDENSER FAN MOTOR CONDENSER REMOVAL STEPS
- REFRIGERANT DISCHARGING AND CHARGING (REFER TO P.55-26.)
- AIR CLEANER (REFER TO GROUP 15, AIR CLEANER P.15-6.)

CONDENSER REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- FRONT BUMPER ASSEMBLY, AIR GUIDE DUCT AND FRONT FOG LIGHT BRACKET (LH) (REFER TO GROUP 51, FRONT BUMPER P.51-4.)
- 5. DISCHARGE HOSE AND LIQUID PIPE A
- 6. O-RING
- 7. FITTING ASSEMBLY

>>A<< 8. CONDENSER

REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

<<A>> LIQUID PIPE A/DISCHARGE HOSE DISCONNECTION

⚠ CAUTION

Seal the hoses completely, otherwise the compressor oil and receiver will absorb water vapor easily, possibly damaging the compressor and deteriorating performance.

Plug the disconnected pipe, hose and condenser nipple to prevent foreign material from getting into them.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

>>A<< CONDENSER INSTALLATION

When replacing the condenser, refill it with a specified amount of compressor oil and install it. (to the vehicle).

• Compressor oil: SUN PAG 56

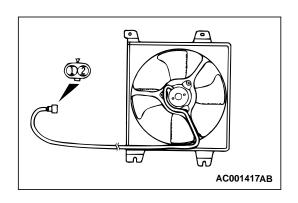
• Quantity: 15 cm³ (0.5 floz)

INSPECTION

M1552014300217

CONDENSER FAN MOTOR CHECK

Check to be sure that the condenser fan motor operates when battery voltage is applied to terminal 2 and terminal 1 grounded.



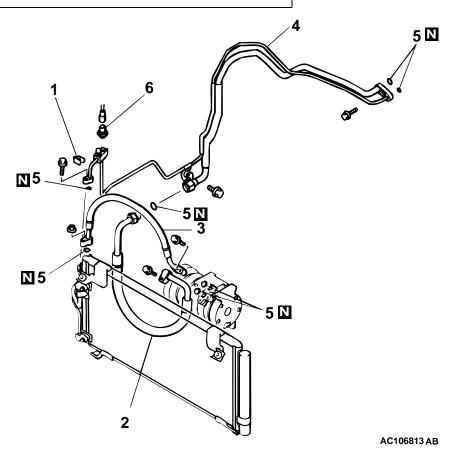
REFRIGERANT LINE

REFRIGERANT LINE REMOVAL

M1552017000011

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

• Refrigerant Discharging (Refer to P.55-26.)



REMOVAL STEPS

1. CLAMP

<<A>>>

<<A>>>

- 2. SUCTION HOSE
- FRONT BUMPER ASSEMBLY, AIR GUIDE DUCT AND FRONT FOG LIGHT BRACKET (LH) (REFER TO GROUP 51, FRONT BUMPER P.51-4.)
- 3. DISCHARGE HOSE

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- 4. A/C PIPE
- 5. O-RING
- 6. DUAL PRESSURE SWITCH

REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

<>

<<A>> HOSE/PIPE DISCONNECTION

⚠ CAUTION

Seal the hoses completely, otherwise the compressor oil and receiver will absorb water vapor easily, possibly damaging the compressor and deteriorating performance.

Plug the disconnected hose, the condenser, the evaporator and the compressor nipple to prevent foreign material from getting into them.

<> A/C PIPE DISCONNECTION

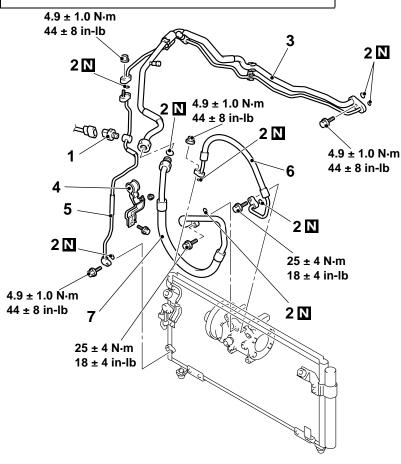
Cut off the A/C pipe as it is too long to remove. To install the A/C pipe, its replacement pipe is available.

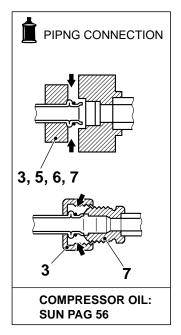
REFRIGERANT LINE INSTALLATION

M1552017100018

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

• Refrigerant Charging (Refer to P.55-26.)





INSTALLATION STEPS

- 1. DUAL PRESSURE SWITCH
- 2. O-RING

>>B<< 3. A/C PIPE

4. LIQUID PIPE A

AC106599AB

INSTALLATION STEPS (Continued)

- DISCHARGE HOSE
- >>A<< 6. SUCTION HOSE
 - 7. CLAMP

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

>>A<< SUCTION HOSE INSTALLATION

When replacing the suction hose, refill them with a specified amount of compressor oil, and then install them.

Compressor oil: SUN PAG 56

Quantity:

• Suction hose: 10 cm³ (0.3 floz)

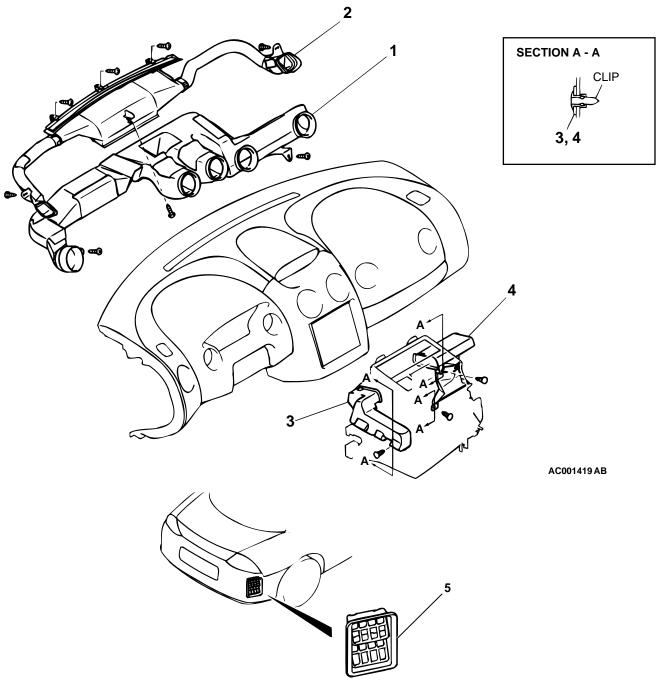
>>B<< A/C PIPE INSTALLATION

The A/C replacement pipe is available. To install the pipe, the replacement pipe should be used.

VENTILATORS

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1553001600170



DISTRIBUTION DUCT AND DEFROSTER NOZZLE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL STEPS

 INSTRUMENT PANEL ASSEMBLY (REFER TO GROUP 52A, INSTRUMENT PANEL P.52A-3.) AC003602

DISTRIBUTION DUCT AND DEFROSTER NOZZLE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL STEPS

- 1. DISTRIBUTION DUCT
- 2. DEFROSTER NOZZLE ASSEMBLY

FOOT DUCT REMOVAL STEPS

- CENTER PANEL ASSEMBLY, INSTRUMENT PANEL UNDER COVER, GLOVE BOX OUTER AND GLOVE BOX INNER (REFER TO GROUP 52A, INSTRUMENT PANEL P.52A-8.)
- RADIO AND TAPE PLAYER (REFER TO GROUP 54A, AUDIO SYSTEM - RADIO, TAPE PLAYER, CD PLAYER AND CD AUTO CHANGER P.54A-217.)
- HEATER CONTROL ASSEMBLY (REFER TO P.55-31.)
- INSTRUMENT PANEL CENTER REINFORCEMENT (REFER TO GROUP 52A, INSTRUMENT PANEL P.52A-3.)
- 3. FOOT DUCT (LH)

FOOT DUCT REMOVAL STEPS

- JOINT DUCT (REFER TO P.55-38.)
- 4. FOOT DUCT (RH)

 REAR VENTILATION DUCT

 ASSEMBLY REMOVAL STEPS
- REAR BUMPER ASSEMBLY (REFER TO GROUP 51, REAR BUMPER P.51-7.)
- 5. REAR VENTILATION DUCT ASSEMBLY

NOTE: For the front deck garnish, refer to GROUP 51, Windshield Wiper and Washer P.51-17.

NOTE: For the center/side air outlet assembly and side defroster grille, refer to GROUP 52A, Instrument Panel P.52A-3.

SPECIFICATIONS

FASTENER TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS

M1552012100154

ITEMS	SPECIFICATIONS
A/C pipe mounting bolt (heater/cooler unit side)	4.9 ± 1.0 N·m (44 ± 8 in-lb)
A/C pipe mounting bolt (condenser side)	4.9 ± 1.0 N·m (44 ± 8 in-lb)
A/C pipe mounting nut (suction hose side)	13 ± 2 N·m (109 ± 21 in-lb)
Discharge hose mounting bolt (compressor side)	25 ± 4 N·m (18 ± 4 ft-lb)
Discharge hose mounting nut (condenser side)	4.9 ± 1.0 N·m (44 ± 8 in-lb)
Suction hose mounting bolt (compressor side)	25 ± 4 N·m (18 ± 4 ft-lb)

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

M1552000200121

ITEMS		MANUAL AIR CONDITIONING	
Heater/cooler unit		Full-air mix type providing stratified cool and warm air flows	
Heater control		Dial type	
Air conditioning switch		Push-button type	
Compressor		MSC90C (Scroll type)	
Dual pressure switch kPa (psi)	High-pressure switch	ON to OFF	2,942 (426.7)
		OFF to ON	2,354 (341.4)
	Low-pressure switch	ON to OFF	196 (28.4)
		OFF to ON	221 (32.1)
Refrigerant	Туре	1	R134a (HFC-134a)
	Amount g (oz)		Approximately 415 – 435 (14.6 – 15.3)

HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING SPECIFICATIONS

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

M1552000300151

ITEMS		STANDARD VALUE	
Idle speed r/min	2.4L engine	750 ± 100*	
	3.0L engine	700 ± 100*	
Idle-up speed r/min		850 ± 100*	
Resistor (for blower motor) Ω	LO	2.3	
	ML	1.1	
	MH	0.4	
Air gap (magnetic clutch) mm (in)	2.4L engine	0.3 – 0.5 (0.012 – 0.020)	
	3.0L engine	0.4 - 0.6 (0.016 - 0.024)	

NOTE: The rpm marked by an asterisk should be checked 4 minutes after idling begins.

LUBRICANTS

M1552000400158

ITEMS	SPECIFIED LUBRICANTS	QUANTITY
Each connection of refrigerant line	SUN PAG 56	As required
Compressor refrigerant unit lubricant cm ³ (floz)	SUN PAG 56	100 (3.4)