GROUP 11

ENGINE

CONTENTS

ENGINE MECHANICAL <2.4L ENGINE>	11A
ENGINE OVERHAUL <2.4L ENGINE>	11B
ENGINE MECHANICAL <3.0L ENGINE>	11C
ENGINE OVERHAUL <3.0L ENGINE>	11D

GROUP 11A

ENGINE MECHANICAL <2.4L ENGINE>

CONTENTS

GENERAL DESCRIPTION	11A-3	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
ENGINE DIAGNOSIS	11A-3	
		CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL 11A-22
SPECIAL TOOLS	11A-4	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
ON-VEHICLE SERVICE	11A-6	CRANKSHAFT REAR OIL SEAL 11A-24
DRIVE BELT TENSION CHECK AND		REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
ADJUSTMENT	11A-6	
IGNITION TIMING CHECK	11A-6	CYLINDER HEAD GASKET 11A-20
IDLE MIXTURE CHECK	11A-7	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
CURB IDLE SPEED CHECK	11A-8	
COMPRESSION PRESSURE CHECK	11A-8	TIMING BELT
MANIFOLD VACUUM CHECK	11A-9	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION
LASH ADJUSTER CHECK	11A-10	
		TIMING BELT B 11A-35
ENGINE ASSEMBLY	11A-12	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION 11A-3
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	11A-12	
		SPECIFICATIONS 11A-38
CAMSHAFT AND CAMSHAFT		FASTENER TIGHTENING
OIL SEAL	11A-17	SPECIFICATIONS
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	11A-17	SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS
		SEALANT 11A-39
OIL DAN	44 4 20	

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 4G64 (2.4L) engine is an in-line four cylinder engine. The cylinder numbers are assigned as 1-2-3-4 from the front of the engine (timing belt side). This engine is fired in the order of the 1, 3, 4 and 2 cylinders.

ITEMS			SPECIFICATIONS
Туре			In-line SOHC
Number of cylinder	'S		4
Bore mm (in)			86.5 (3.41)
Stroke mm (in)			100.0 (3.94)
Piston displacement	nt cm ³ (cu in)		2,351 (143.4)
Compression ratio			9.0
Firing order			1-3-4-2
Counterbalance sh	aft		Equipped
Valve timing	Intake valve	Opens (BTDC)	16°
		Closes (ABDC)	60° <m t=""></m>
			53°
	Exhaust valve	Opens (BBDC)	60° <m t=""></m>
			50°
		Closes (ATDC)	16°
Lubrication			Pressure feed-full flow filtration
Oil pump type			Involute gear type

ENGINE DIAGNOSIS

M1111000700109

SYMPTOMS	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Compression is too	Blown cylinder head gasket	Replace the gasket
low	Worn or damaged piston rings	Replace the rings
	Worn piston or cylinder	Repair or replace the piston and/or the cylinder block
	Worn or damaged valve seat	Repair or replace the valve and/or the seat ring
Drop in oil pressure	Engine oil level is too low	Check the engine oil level
	Malfunction of oil pressure switch	Replace the oil pressure switch
	Clogged oil filter	Install a new filter
	Worn oil pump gears or cover	Replace the gears and/or the cover
	Thin or diluted engine oil	Change the engine oil to correct viscosity
	Stuck (opened) oil relief valve	Repair the relief valve
	Excessive bearing clearance	Replace the bearings
Oil pressure too high	stuck (closed) oil relief valve	Repair the relief valve

ENGINE MECHANICAL <2.4L ENGINE> SPECIAL TOOLS

SYMPTOMS	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Noisy valves	Malfunction of lash adjuster (including entry of air into high pressure chamber)	Check the lash adjuster
	Thin or diluted engine oil (low oil pressure)	Change the engine oil
	Worn or damaged valve stem or valve guide	Replace the valve and/or the guide
Connecting rod noise/	Insufficient oil supply	Check the engine oil level
main bearing noise	Low oil pressure	Refer to oil pressure drop symptoms above
	Thin or diluted engine oil	Change the engine oil
	Excessive bearing clearance	Replace the bearings

SPECIAL TOOLS

M1111000600168

TOOL	TOOL NUMBER AND NAME	SUPERSESSION	APPLICATION
B991502	MB991502 Scan tool (MUT-II)	MB991496-OD	Ignition timing check Idle speed check
MB991453	MB991453 Engine hanger assembly	MZ203827-01	Supporting the engine assembly during removal and installation of the transaxle
MZ203827	GENERAL SERVICE TOOL MZ203827 Engine lifter	MZ203827-01	
MB990767	MB990767 End yoke holder	MB990767-01	Holding the camshaft sprocket when loosening and tightening bolt
MD998719	MD998719 Crankshaft pulley holder pin	MT308239	

ENGINE MECHANICAL <2.4L ENGINE> SPECIAL TOOLS

TOOL	TOOL NUMBER AND NAME	SUPERSESSION	APPLICATION
D998443	MD998443 Lash adjuster holder (8)	MD998443-01	Supporting of the auto-lash adjuster to prevent it from falling when rocker shaft assembly is removed or installed
D998713	MD998713 Camshaft oil seal installer	MD998713-01	Camshaft oil seal installation
	MD998727 Oil pan remover	MD998727-01	Oil pan removal
B991367	MB991367 Special spanner	MB991367-01	Holding the crankshaft sprocket
	MD998375 Crankshaft oil seal installer	MD998375-01	Crankshaft front oil seal installation
D998781	MD998781 Flywheel stopper	General service tool	Flywheel <m t=""> or Drive plate supporting</m>
	MD998776 Crankshaft rear oil seal installer	MD998776-01	Crankshaft rear oil seal installation
02	MB990938 Handle	MB990938-01	

TOOL	TOOL NUMBER AND NAME	SUPERSESSION	APPLICATION
	MB991654 Cylinder head bolt wrench (12)	General service tool	Removal and installation of cylinder head bolt
	MD998738 Adjusting screw	General service tool	Holding the autotensionerTiming belt tension adjustment
D998738	MD009767	MD000752 04	Timing halt tanging
	MD998767 Tensioner pulley socket wrench	MD998752-01	Timing belt tension adjustment
D998767			

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

DRIVE BELT TENSION CHECK AND **ADJUSTMENT**

M1111003100106

Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service - Drive Belts (Check Condition) P.00-40.

IGNITION TIMING CHECK

M1111001700061

Required Special Tool:

MB991502: Scan Tool (MUT-II)

- 1. Before inspection, set vehicles in the following condition:
- Engine coolant temperature: 80 95°C (176 203°F)
- · Lights and all accessories: OFF
- Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)

⚠ CAUTION

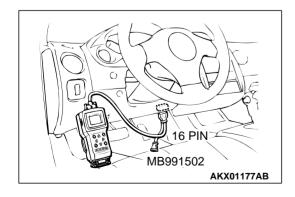
TSB Revision

To prevent damage to scan tool MB991502, always turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" (OFF) position before connecting or disconnecting scan tool MB991502.

- 2. Connect scan tool MB991502 to the data link connector.
- 3. Set up a timing light.
- 4. Start the engine and run it at idle.
- 5. Check that the idle speed is approximately 700 r/min.
- 6. Select scan tool MB991502 actuator test "item number 17."
- 7. Check that basic ignition timing is within the standard value.

Standard value: 5° BTDC ± 3°

check the following items:



8. If the basic ignition timing is not within the standard value,

- Diagnosis output
- Timing belt cover and crankshaft position sensor installation conditions
- Crankshaft sensing blade condition

⚠ CAUTION

If the actuator test is not canceled, the forced drive will continue for 27 minutes. Driving in this state could lead to engine failure.

- 9. Press the clear key on scan tool MB991502 (select forced drive stop mode), and cancel the actuator test.
- 10. Check that the actual ignition timing is at the standard value.

Standard value: Approximately 10° BTDC

NOTE: Ignition timing fluctuates about \pm 7° Before Top Dead Center, even under normal operating condition.

NOTE: It is automatically further advanced by about 5° to 10° Before Top Dead Center at higher altitudes.

IDLE MIXTURE CHECK

M1111002100062

Required Special Tool:

MB991502: Scan Tool (MUT-II)

- 1. Before inspection, set vehicles in the following condition:
- Engine coolant temperature: 80 95°C (176 203°F)
- · Lights and all accessories: OFF
- Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)

↑ CAUTION

To prevent damage to scan tool MB991502, always turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" (OFF) position before connecting or disconnecting scan tool MB991502.

- 2. Connect scan tool MB991502 to the data link connector.
- 3. Check that the basic ignition timing is within the standard value.

Standard value: 5° BTDC $\pm 3^{\circ}$

- 4. Start the engine and increase the engine speed to 2,500 r/min for 2 minutes.
- 5. Set the CO, HC tester.
- 6. Check the CO contents and the HC contents at idle.

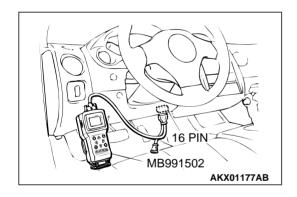
Standard value:

CO contents: 0.5% or less HC contents: 100 ppm or less

7. If the CO and HC contents do not remain inside the standard value, check the following items:

NOTE: Replace the catalytic converter when the CO and HC contents do not remain inside the standard value, even though the result of the inspection is normal for all items.

- Diagnosis output
- Closed-loop control (When the closed-loop control is carried out normally, the output signal of the heated oxygen sensor changes between 0 – 400 mV and 600 – 1,000 mV at idle.)
- Fuel pressures



- Injector
- · Ignition coil, spark plug cable, spark plug
- EGR system and EGR valve leak
- Evaporative emission control system
- Compression pressure

CURB IDLE SPEED CHECK

M1111003500096

Required Special Tool:

MB991502: Scan Tool (MUT-II)

- 1. Before inspection and adjustment set vehicles in the following condition.
- Engine coolant temperature: 80 95°C (176 203°F)
- · Lights and all accessories: OFF
- Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)



To prevent damage to scan tool MB991502, always turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" (OFF) position before connecting or disconnecting scan tool MB991502.

- 2. Connect scan tool MB991502 to the data link connector.
- 3. Check the basic ignition timing.

Standard value: 5° BTDC $\pm 3^{\circ}$

- 4. Start the engine.
- 5. Run the engine at idle for 2 minutes.
- 6. Check the idle speed. Select item number 22 and take a reading of the idle speed.

Curb idle speed: 700 \pm 100 r/min

NOTE: The idle speed is controlled automatically by the idle air control system.

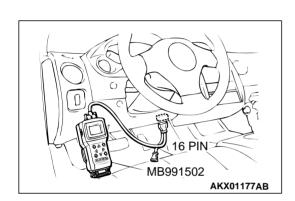
7. If the idle speed is outside the standard value, refer to GROUP 13A, Diagnosis – Symptom Chart P.13A-22.

COMPRESSION PRESSURE CHECK

M1111002600056

- Before inspection, check that the engine oil, starter and battery are normal. Also, set the vehicle in the following condition:
- Engine coolant temperature: 80 95°C (176 203°F)
- Lights, and all accessories: OFF
- Transaxle: Neutral (P range on vehicles with A/T)
- 2. Disconnect the spark plug cables.
- 3. Remove all of the spark plugs.
- 4. Disconnect the crankshaft position sensor connector.

 NOTE: Doing this will prevent the engine control module from carrying out ignition and fuel injection.





Keep your distance from the spark plug hole when cranking. Oil, fuel, etc., may spray out from the spark plug hole and may cause serious injury.

- 5. Cover the spark plug hole with a shop towel etc., during cranking. After the engine has been cranked, check for foreign material adhering to the shop towel.
- 6. Set compression gauge to one of the spark plug holes.
- 7. Crank the engine with the throttle valve fully open and measure the compression pressure.

Standard value (at engine speed of 250 – 400 r/min): 1,275 kPa (185 psi)

Minimum limit (at engine speed of 250 – 400 r/min): 959 kPa (139 psi)

8. Measure the compression pressure for all the cylinders, and check that the pressure differences of the cylinders are below the limit.

Limit: 98 kPa (14 psi)

- 9. If there is a cylinder with compression or a compression difference that is outside the limit, pour a small amount of engine oil through the spark plug hole, and repeat the operations in steps 6 to 8.
 - (1) If the compression increases after oil is added, the cause of the malfunction is a worn or damaged piston ring and/ or cylinder inner surface.
 - (2) If the compression does not rise after oil is added, the cause is a burnt or defective valve seat, or pressure is leaking from the gasket.
- 10. Connect the crankshaft position sensor connector.
- 11. Install the spark plugs and spark plug cables.
- 12.Use the scan tool to erase the diagnostic trouble codes.

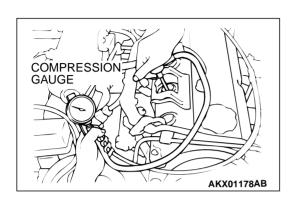
NOTE: This will erase the diagnostic trouble code resulting from the crankshaft position sensor connector being disconnected.

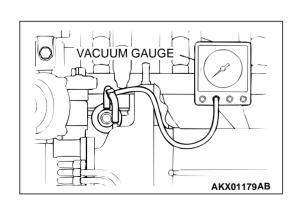
MANIFOLD VACUUM CHECK

M1111002700064

- Start the engine and allow it to warm up until the temperature of the engine coolant reaches 80 – 95°C (176 – 203°F).
- 2. Connect a tachometer.
- 3. Attach a tee-fitting union to the vacuum hose between the fuel pressure regulator and the intake manifold plenum, and connect a vacuum gauge.
- 4. Start the engine and check that idle speed is within specification. Then check the vacuum gauge reading.

Idle speed: 700 \pm 100 r/min Minimum limit: 60 kPa (18 in Hg)





LASH ADJUSTER CHECK

M1111002900121

If an abnormal noise (chattering noise) suspected to be caused by malfunction of the lash adjuster is produced immediately after starting the engine and does not disappear, perform the following check.

NOTE: An abnormal noise due to malfunction of the lash adjuster is produced immediately after starting the engine and changes with the engine speed, irrespective of the engine load. If, the abnormal noise is not produced immediately after starting the engine or does not change with the engine speed, or it changes with the engine load, the lash adjuster is not the cause for the abnormal noise.

NOTE: When the lash adjuster is malfunctioning, the abnormal noise is rarely eliminated by continuing the warming-up of the engine at idle speed.

However, the abnormal noise may disappear only when seizure is caused by oil sludge in the engine whose oil is not maintained properly.

- 1. Start the engine.
- Check if the abnormal noise produced immediately after starting the engine, changes with the change in the engine speed.
 - If the abnormal noise is not produced immediately after starting the engine or it does not change with the engine speed, the lash adjuster is not the cause for the noise. Therefore, investigate other causes. The abnormal noise is probably caused by some other parts than the engine proper if it does not change with the engine speed. (In this case, the lash adjuster is in good condition.)
- 3. With the engine idling, change the engine load (shift from N to D range, for example) to make sure that there is no change in the level of abnormal noise.
 - If there is a change in the level of abnormal noise, suspect a tapping noise due to worn crankshaft bearing or connecting rod bearing. (In this case, the lash adjuster is in good condition.)
- 4. After completion of warm-up, run the engine at idle to check for abnormal noise.
 - If the noise is reduced or disappears, clean the lash adjuster (Refer to GROUP 11B-Engine overhaul Rocker Arms and Camshaft Inspection P.11B-28.) As it is suspected that the noise is due to seizure of the lash adjuster. If there is no change in the level of the abnormal noise, proceed to step 5.
- 5. Run the engine to bleed the lash adjuster system. (Refer to P.11A-11.)
- If the abnormal noise does not disappear after air bleeding operation, clean the lash adjuster (Refer to GROUP 11B-Engine overhaul – Rocker Arms and Camshaft – Inspection P.11B-28.)

Bleeding lash adjuster system

NOTE: Parking the vehicle on a grade for a long time may decrease oil in the lash adjuster, causing air to enter the high pressure chamber when starting the engine.

NOTE: After parking for many hours, oil may run out from the oil passage and take time before oil is supplied to the lash adjuster, causing air to enter the high pressure chamber.

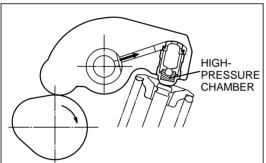
NOTE: In the above cases, abnormal noise can be eliminated by bleeding the lash adjuster system.

1. Check engine oil and add or change oil if required.

NOTE: If the engine oil level is low, air is sucked from the oil screen, causing air to enter the oil passage.

NOTE: If the engine oil level is higher than specification, oil may be stirred by the crankshaft, causing oil to be mixed with a large quantity of air.

NOTE: If oil is deteriorated, air is not easily separated from oil, increasing the quantity of air contained in oil.

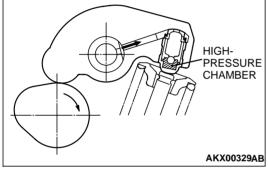


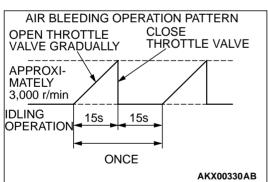
MINIMUM

MAXIMUM

AKX00328AB

GOOD





NOTE: If air mixed with oil enters the high pressure chamber inside the lash adjuster from the above causes, air in the high pressure chamber is compressed excessively while the valve is opened, resulting in an abnormal noise when the valve closes.

This is the same phenomenon as that observed when the valve clearance has become excessive. The lash adjuster can resume normal function when air entered the lash adjuster is removed.

- 2. Idle the engine for one to three minutes to warm it up.
- 3. Repeat the operation pattern, shown in left figure, at no load to check for abnormal noise. (Usually the abnormal noise is eliminated after repetition of the operation 10 to 30 times. If, however, no change is observed in the level of abnormal noise after repeating the operation more than 30 times, suspect that the abnormal noise is due to some other factors.)
- 4. After elimination of abnormal noise, repeat the operation shown in left figure five more times.
- 5. Run the engine at idle for one to three minutes to make sure that the abnormal noise has been eliminated.

ENGINE ASSEMBLY

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1112001000184

⚠ CAUTION

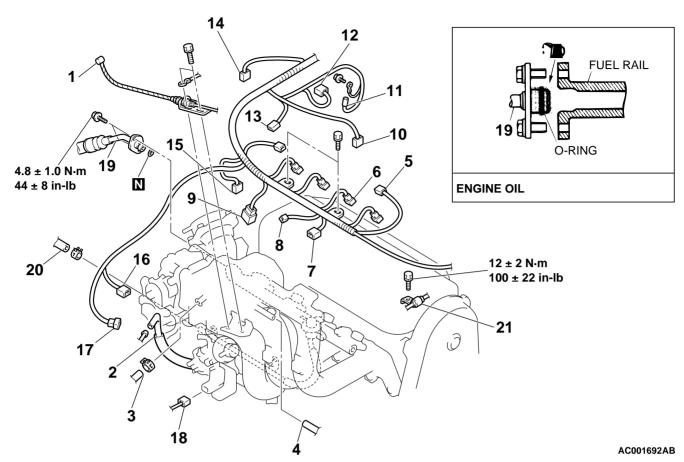
*: Indicates parts which should be temporarily tightened, and then fully tightened after placing the vehicle horizontally and loading the full weight of the engine on the vehicle body.

Pre-removal Operation

- Hood Removal (Refer to GROUP 42, Hood P.42-7.)
- Fuel Line Pressure Reduction [Refer to GROUP 13A, Onvehicle Service – Fuel Pump Relay Disconnection (How to Reduce Pressurized Fuel Lines) P.13A-478.]
- Engine Oil Draining (Refer to GROUP 12, On-vehicle Service Engine Oil Replacement P.12-3.)
- Engine Coolant Draining [Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Engine Coolant (Change) P.00-52.]
- Air Cleaner Removal (Refer to GROUP 15, Air Cleaner P.15-5.)
- Reserve Tank and Radiator Removal (Refer to GROUP 14, Radiator P.14-19.)
- Front Exhaust Pipe Removal (Refer to GROUP 15, Exhaust Pipe and Main Muffler P.15-19.)

Post-installation Operation

- Front Exhaust Pipe Installation (Refer to GROUP 15, Exhaust Pipe and Main Muffler P.15-19.)
- Reserve Tank and Radiator Installation (Refer to GROUP 14, Radiator P.14-19.)
- Air Cleaner Installation (Refer to GROUP 15, Air Cleaner P.15-5.)
- Drive Belt Tension Adjustment [Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Drive Belts (Check Condition) P.00-40.]
- Engine Oil Refilling (Refer to GROUP 12, On-vehicle Service Engine Oil Replacement P.12-3.)
- Engine Coolant Refilling [Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service Engine Coolant (Change) P.00-52.]
- Accelerator Cable Adjustment (Refer to GROUP 17, Onvehicle Service – Accelerator Cable Check and Adjustment P.17-4.)
- Hood Installation (Refer to GROUP42, Hood P.42-7.)

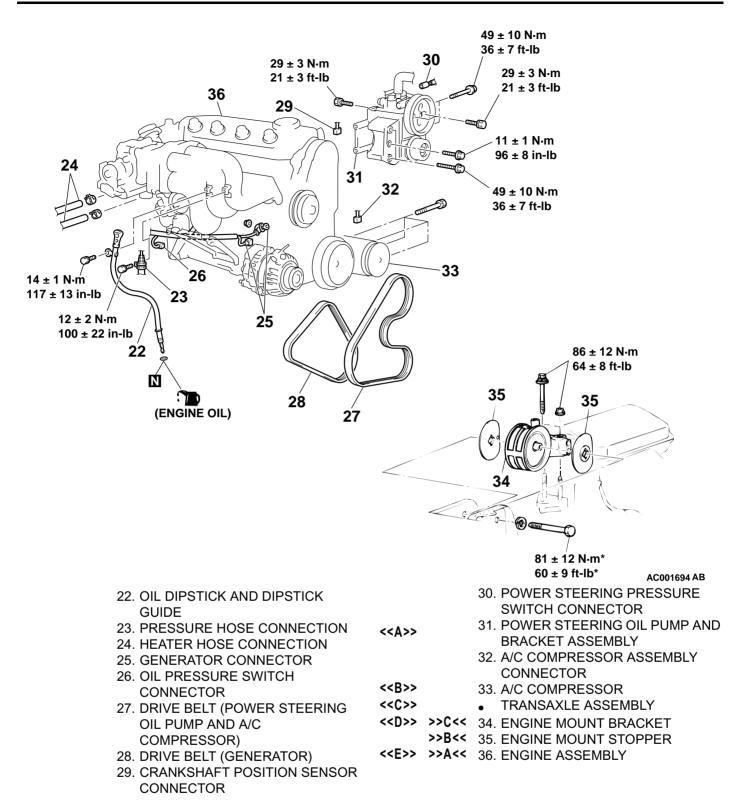


REMOVAL STEPS

- 1. ACCELERATOR CABLE CONNECTION
- 2. PURGE HOSE CONNECTION
- 3. BRAKE BOOSTER VACUUM HOSE CONNECTION
- 4. VACUUM HOSE CONNECTION
- 5. IGNITION COIL CONNECTOR
- 6. INJECTOR CONNECTOR
- 7. IGNITION FAILURE SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 8. MANIFOLD DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 9. THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 10. HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (FRONT) CONNECTOR
- 11. CAPACITOR CONNECTOR
- 12. ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- 13. CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 14. KNOCK SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 15. ENGINE COOLANT
 TEMPERATURE GAUGE UNIT
 CONNECTOR
- 16. IDLE AIR CONTROL MOTOR CONNECTOR
- 17. EVAPORATIVE EMISSION PURGE SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR
- 18. EGR SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR
- >>D<<
 19. HIGH-PRESSURE FUEL HOSE CONNECTION
 - 20. FUEL RETURN HOSE CONNECTION
 - 21. PRESSURE HOSE CONNECTION



Required Special Tools:

• MB991453: Engine Hanger Assembly

• MZ203827: Engine Lifter

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> POWER STEERING OIL PUMP AND BRACKET ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

Remove the power steering oil pump and bracket assembly from the engine with the hose attached.

NOTE: Place the removed power steering oil pump in a place where it will not be a hindrance when removing and installing the engine assembly, and secure it with a cord or wire.

<> A/C COMPRESSOR REMOVAL

Remove the compressor from the compressor bracket with the hose still attached.

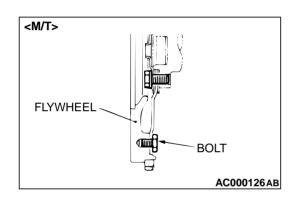
NOTE: Place the removed A/C compressor where it will not be a hindrance when removing and installing the engine assembly, and secure it with a cord or wire.

<<C>> TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

♠ CAUTION

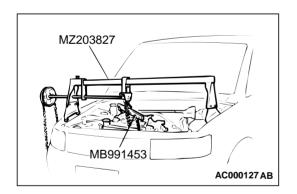
Do not remove the flywheel mounting bolt shown by the arrow. If this bolt is removed, the flywheel will become out of balance and damaged.

<M/T>: Refer to GROUP 22A, Transaxle Assembly P.22A-14. <A/T>: Refer to GROUP 23A, Transaxle Assembly P.23A-353.



<<D>> ENGINE MOUNT BRACKET REMOVAL

- 1. Support the engine with a garage jack.
- 2. Remove special tools MB991453 and MZ203827 which was attached when the transaxle assembly was removed.
- 3. Hold the engine assembly with a chain block or similar tool.
- 4. Place a garage jack against the engine oil pan with a piece of wood in between, jack up the engine so that the weight of the engine is no longer being applied to the engine mount bracket, and then remove the engine mount bracket.



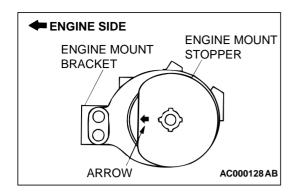
<<E>> ENGINE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

After checking that all cables, hoses and harness connectors, etc., are disconnected from the engine, lift the chain block slowly to remove the engine assembly upward from the engine compartment.

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

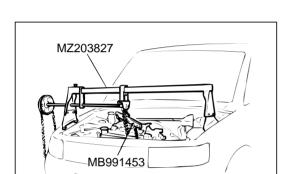
>>A<< ENGINE ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

Install the engine assembly, checking that the cables, hoses, and harness connectors are not clamped.



>>B<< ENGINE MOUNT STOPPER INSTALLATION

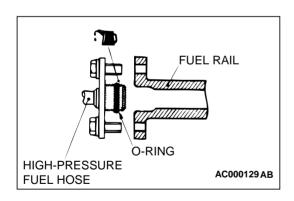
Clamp the engine mount stopper so that the arrow points in the direction as shown in the diagram.



AC000127 AB

>>C<< ENGINE MOUNT BRACKET INSTALLATION

- 1. Place a garage jack against the engine oil pan with a piece of wood in between, and install the engine mount bracket while adjusting the position of the engine.
- 2. Support the engine with the garage jack.
- 3. Remove the chain block and support the engine assembly with special tools MB991453 and MZ203827.



>>D<< HIGH-PRESSURE FUEL HOSE INSTALLATION

⚠ CAUTION

Do not allow any engine oil to enter the fuel rail.

- 1. Apply a small amount of new engine oil to the O-ring.
- 2. While turning the high-pressure fuel hose to the right and left, install it to the fuel rail, while being careful not to damage the O-ring. After installing, check that the hose turns smoothly.
- 3. If the hose does not turn smoothly, the O-ring is probably being clamped. Disconnect the high-pressure fuel hose and check the O-ring for damage. Replace if necessary.
- 4. Re-insert the fuel rail and confirm the hose turns smoothly.

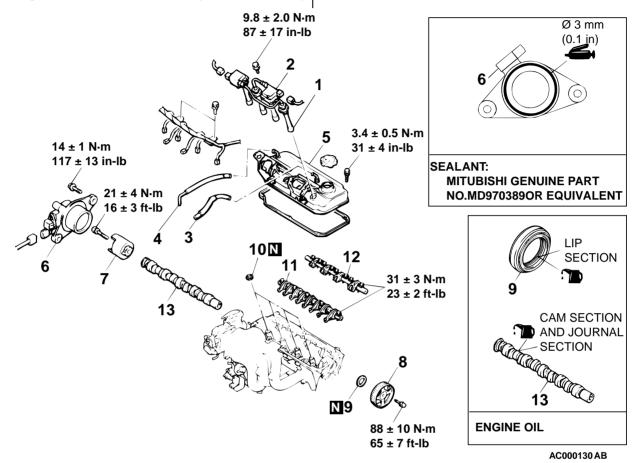
CAMSHAFT AND CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1112001900154

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

- Air Cleaner Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 15, Air Cleaner P.15-5.)
- Timing Belt Removal and Installation (Refer to P.11A-31.)



CAMSHAFT REMOVAL STEPS

- 1. SPARK PLUG CABLE
- 2. IGNITION COIL
- 3. PCV HOSE
- 4. BREATHER HOSE
- 5. ROCKER COVER
- CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR SUPPORT
- 7. CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSING CYLINDER

<<a>>> >>C<< 8. CAMSHAFT SPROCKET

CAMSHAFT REMOVAL STEPS

- 10. SPARK PLUG GUIDE OIL SEAL
- 11. ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY (INTAKE SIDE)
- 12. ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY (EXHAUST SIDE)
- 13. CAMSHAFT

CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL REMOVAL STEPS

>>C<< 8. CAMSHAFT SPROCKET

>>**B<<** 9.

>>A<<

<> >>A<<

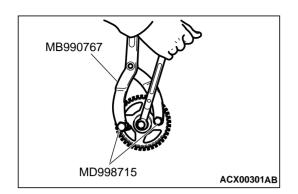
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<<A>>>

9. CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL

Required Special Tools:

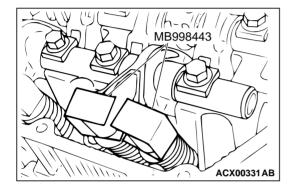
- MB990767: End Yoke Holder
- MB998713: Crankshaft Oil Seal Installer
- MD998443: Auto-lash Adjuster Holder
- MD998719: Crankshaft Pulley Holder Pin



REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> CAMSHAFT SPROCKET REMOVAL

- 1. Use special tools MB990767 and MD998719 to loosen the camshaft sprocket securing bolt.
- 2. Remove the camshaft sprocket.



<> ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

1. Install special tool MD998443 as shown in the illustration so that the lash adjusters will not fall out.

⚠ CAUTION

Never disassemble the rocker arm and shaft assembly.

2. Loosen the rocker arm and shaft assembly mounting bolt, and then remove the rocker arm and shaft assembly with the bolt still attached.

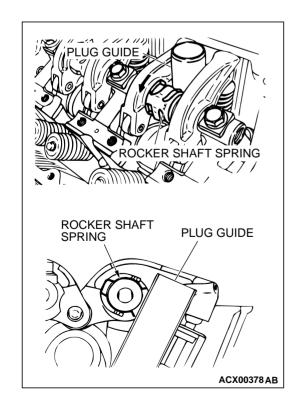
INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

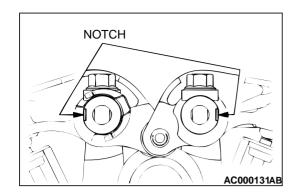
>>A<< ROCKER ARM AND SHAFT ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

- 1. Temporarily tighten the rocker shaft with the bolt so that all rocker arms do not push the valves.
- 2. Fit the rocker shaft spring from the above and position it so that it is right angles to the plug guide.
 - NOTE: Install the rocker shaft spring before installing the rocker arm and rocker arm shaft on the exhaust side.
- 3. Tighten the rocker arm and shaft assembly mounting bolt to the specified torque.

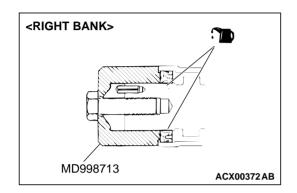
Tightening torque: 31 ± 3 N·m (23 ± 2 ft-lb)

4. Remove special tool MD998443.



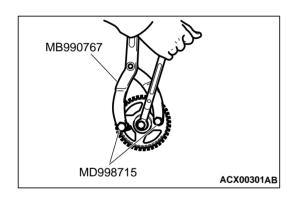


5. Make sure that the notch in the end of the rocker arm shaft is facing the direction shown.



>>B<< CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply engine oil to the camshaft oil seal lip.
- 2. Use special tool MD998713 to press-fit the camshaft oil seal.



>>C<< CAMSHAFT SPROCKET INSTALLATION

- 1. Install the camshaft sprocket.
- 2. Use special tools MB990767 and MD998719 to tighten the camshaft sprocket securing bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 88 \pm 10 N·m (65 \pm 7 ft-lb)

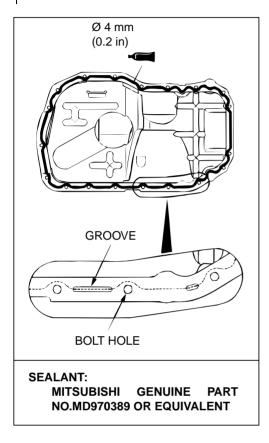
OIL PAN

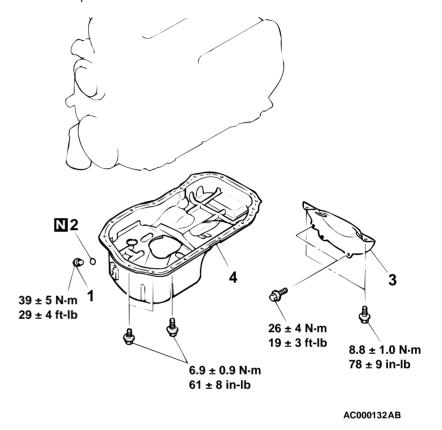
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1112002800116

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

- Engine Oil Draining and Refilling (Refer to GROUP 12, On-vehicle Service Engine Oil Replacement P.12-3.)
- Oil Dipstick Removal and Installation
- Front Exhaust Pipe Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 15, Exhaust Pipe and Main Muffler P.15-19.)





REMOVAL STEPS

- 1. DRAIN PLUG
- >>B<< 2. DRAIN PLUG GASKET

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- 3. BELL HOUSING COVER
- <<**A>> >>A**<< 4. OIL PAN

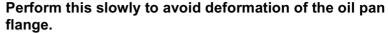
Required Special Tool:

MD998727: Oil Pan Remover

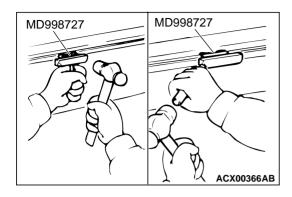
REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

<<A>> OIL PAN REMOVAL

↑ CAUTION



After removing the oil pan mounting bolts, remove the oil pan with special tool MD998727 and a brass bar.



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< OIL PAN INSTALLATION

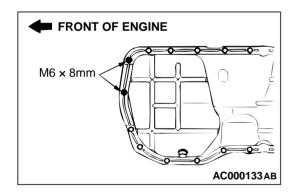
- 1. Remove sealant from the oil pan and cylinder block mating surfaces.
- 2. Degrease the sealant-coated surface and the engine mating surface.
- 3. Apply MITSUBISHI GENUINE PART number MD970389 or equivalent around the gasket surface of the oil pan.
 - NOTE: The sealant should be applied in a continuous bead approximately 4 mm (0.2 inch) in diameter.

⚠ CAUTION

After installing the oil pan, wait at least one hour before starting the engine.

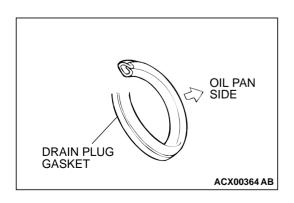
4. Assemble the oil pan to the cylinder block within 15 minutes after applying the sealant.

Be careful when installing the oil pan. The bolts indicated in the illustration have different lengths from the other bolts.



>>B<< DRAIN PLUG GASKET INSTALLATION

Install the drain plug gasket in the direction shown in the illustration.



INSPECTION

M1112002900113

- Check the oil pan for cracks.
- Check the oil pan sealant-coated surface for damage and deformation

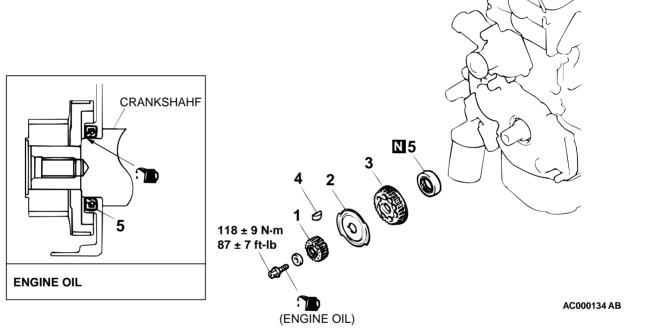
CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1112003400144

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

- Timing Belt Removal and Installation (Refer to P.11A-31.)
- Crankshaft Position Sensor Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 16, Ignition System – Crankshaft Position Sensor <2.4L Engine>P.16-52.)



REMOVAL STEPS

<<a>>> >> B<< 1. CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET

>>B<< 2. CRANKSHAFT SENSING BLADE

• TIMING BELT B (REFER TO P.11A-35.)

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)
3. CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET B

4. KEY

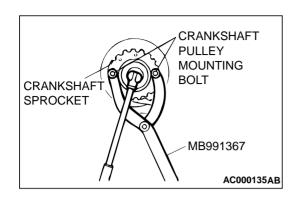
>>B<<

>>A<< 5. CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL

Required Special Tools:

• MB991367: Special Spanner

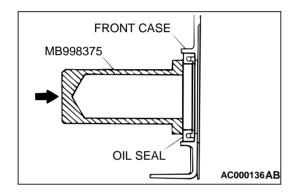
• MB998375: Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Installer



REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

<<A>> CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET REMOVAL

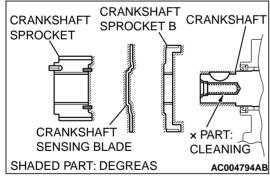
- 1. Use the crankshaft pulley mounting bolt to secure special tool MB991367.
- 2. Loosen the crankshaft sprocket mounting bolt, and remove the sprocket.



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply engine oil to the entire inside diameter of the oil seal lip.
- 2. Use special tool MD998375 to press-fit the oil seal until it is flush with the front case.



CRANKSHAFT PULLEY MOUNTING BOLT SPROCKET MB991367

>>B<< CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET B/CRANKSHAFT SENSING BLADE/CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET INSTALLATION

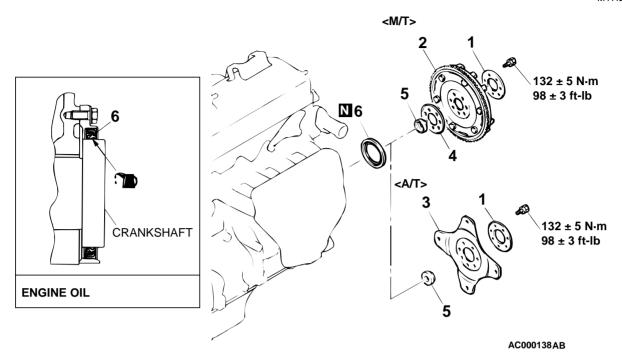
- To prevent the crankshaft bolt from loosening, degrease or clean the seating surfaces of the crankshaft, crankshaft sprocket B, crankshaft sensing blade and crankshaft at the shown positions.
- 2. Install the crankshaft sensing blade so that they face as shown in the illustration.
- 3. Apply the minimum amount of engine oil to the seat surface and thread of the crankshaft bolt.
- 4. Use the crankshaft pulley mounting bolt to secure special tool MB991367.
- 5. Tighten the crankshaft sprocket bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: $118 \pm 9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (87 \pm 7 \text{ ft-lb})$

CRANKSHAFT REAR OIL SEAL

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

M1112003700145



REMOVAL STEPS

- OIL PAN (REFER TO P.11A-20.)
- TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY
- CLUTCH COVER AND CLUTCH DISC <M/T> (REFER TO GROUP 21B, CLUTCH P.21B-2.)

<> >>B<< 1. ADAPTER PLATE

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- <> >>B<< 2. FLYWHEEL <M/T> <> >>B<< 3. DRIVE PLATE <A/T>
- <> >>B<< 4. ADAPTER PLATE <M/T>
 - 5. CRANKSHAFT BUSHING
 - >>A<< 6. CRANKSHAFT REAR OIL SEAL

Required Special Tools:

MB990938: Handle

<<A>>>

- MD998776: Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Installer
- MD998781: Flywheel Stopper

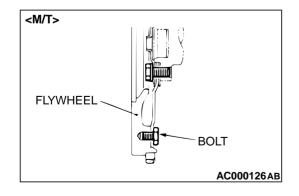
REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

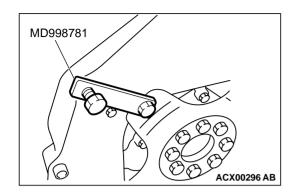
<<A>> TRANSAXLE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

↑ CAUTION

Do not remove the flywheel mounting bolt shown by the arrow. If this bolt is removed, the flywheel will become out of balance and damaged.

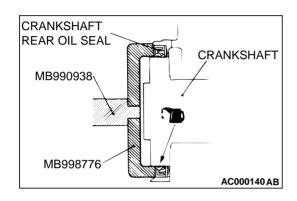
<M/T>: Refer to GROUP 22A, Transaxle Assembly P.22A-14. <A/T>: Refer to GROUP 23A, Transaxle Assembly P.23A-353.





<> ADAPTER PLATE/FLYWHEEL <M/T>/DRIVE PLATE <A/T>/ADAPTER PLATE <M/T> REMOVAL

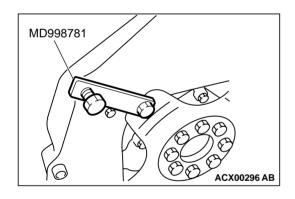
Use special tool MD998781 to secure the flywheel or drive plate, and remove the bolt.



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< CRANKSHAFT REAR OIL SEAL INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the entire inside diameter of the oil seal lip.
- 2. Use special tools MB990938 and MD998776 to tap in the oil seal as shown in the illustration.



>>B<< ADAPTER PLATE <M/T>/DRIVE PLATE <A/T>/ FLYWHEEL <M/T>/ADAPTER PLATE INSTALLATION

Use special tool MD998781 to hold the flywheel or drive plate in the same manner as removal, and install the bolt.

CYLINDER HEAD GASKET

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

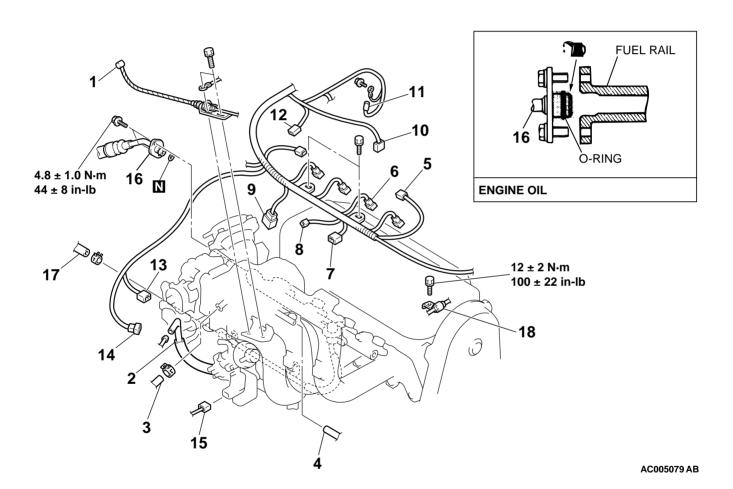
M1112004000149

Pre-removal Operation

- Fuel Line Pressure Reduction [Refer to GROUP 13A, Onvehicle Service – Fuel Pump Relay Disconnection (How to Reduce Pressurized Fuel Lines) P.13A-478.]
- Engine Oil Draining (Refer to GROUP 12, On-vehicle Service – Engine Oil Replacement P.12-3.)
- Engine Coolant Draining [Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Engine Coolant (Change) P.00-52.]
- Air Cleaner Removal (Refer to GROUP 15, Air Cleaner P.15-5.)
- Thermostat Case Assembly Removal (Refer to GROUP 14, Water Hose and Water Pipe P.14-26.)
- Front Exhaust Pipe Removal (Refer to GROUP 15, Exhaust Pipe and Main Muffler P.15-19.)

Post-installation Operation

- Front Exhaust Pipe Installation (Refer to GROUP 15, Exhaust Pipe and Main Muffler P.15-19.)
- Thermostat Case Assembly Installation (Refer to GROUP 14, Water Hose and Water Pipe P.14-26.)
- Air Cleaner Installation (Refer to GROUP 15, Air Cleaner P.15-5.)
- Engine Oil Refilling (Refer to GROUP 12, On-vehicle Service – Engine Oil Replacement P.12-3.)
- Engine Coolant Refilling [Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service – Engine Coolant (Change) P.00-52.]
- Accelerator Cable Adjustment (Refer to GROUP 17, Onvehicle Service Accelerator Cable Check and Adjustment P.17-4.)



ENGINE MECHANICAL <2.4L ENGINE> CYLINDER HEAD GASKET

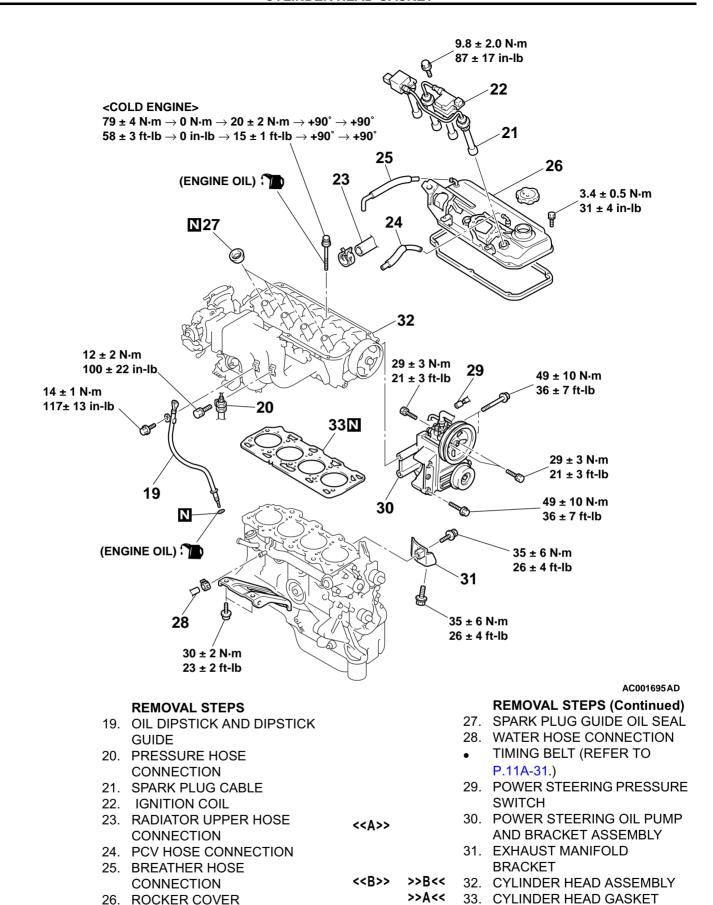
REMOVAL STEPS

- 1. ACCELERATOR CABLE CONNECTION
- PURGE HOSE CONNECTION
- 3. BRAKE BOOSTER VACUUM HOSE CONNECTION
- 4. VACUUM HOSE CONNECTION
- 5. IGNITION COIL CONNECTOR
- 6. INJECTOR CONNECTOR
- IGNITION FAILURE SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 8. MANIFOLD DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 9. THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 10. HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR (FRONT) CONNECTOR

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- 11. CAPACITOR CONNECTOR
- 12. CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR CONNECTOR
- 13. IDLE AIR CONTROL MOTOR CONNECTOR
- 14. EVAPORATIVE EMISSION PURGE SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR
- 15. EGR SOLENOID VALVE CONNECTOR
- 16. HIGH-PRESSURE FUEL HOSE CONNECTION
- 17. FUEL RETURN HOSE CONNECTION
- 18. PRESSURE HOSE CONNECTION

>>C<<



Required Special Tool:

• MB991654: Cylinder Head Bolt Wrench (12)

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> POWER STEERING OIL PUMP AND BRACKET ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

Remove the power steering oil pump and bracket assembly from the engine with the hose attached.

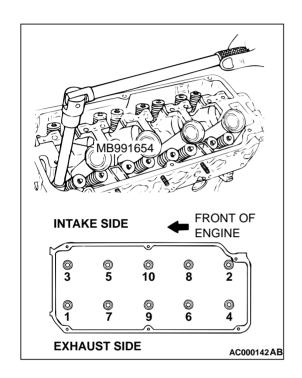
NOTE: Place the removed power steering oil pump in a place where it will not be a hindrance when removing and installing the cylinder head assembly, and secure it with a cord or wire.

<> CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

↑ CAUTION

Be careful not to damage or deform the plug guides when removing the cylinder head bolts. Plug guides cannot be replaced separately.

Using special tool MB991654, loosen the bolts in two or three steps in the order of the numbers shown in the illustration, then remove the cylinder head assembly.



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< CYLINDER HEAD GASKET INSTALLATION

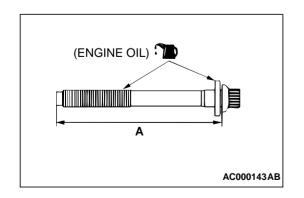
- 1. Wipe off all oil and grease from the gasket mounting surface.
- 2. Match the shapes of the cylinder head holes with their respective cylinder head gasket holes.

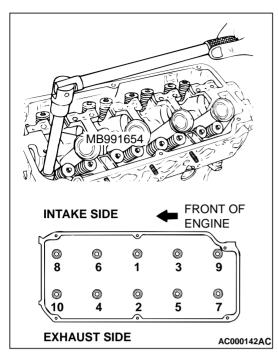
>>B<< CYLINDER HEAD ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

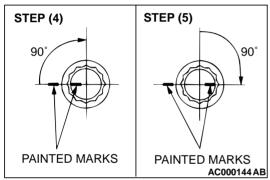
 When installing the cylinder head bolts, the length below the head of the bolts should be within the limit.
 If it is outside the limit, replace the bolts.

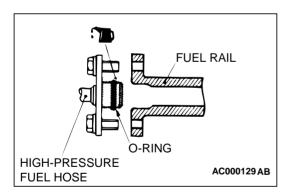
Limit (A): 99.4 mm (3.91 inches)

2. Apply a small amount of engine oil to the thread section and the washer of the cylinder head bolt.









⚠ CAUTION

- Always tighten cylinder head bolts at a 90 degree angle. If it is less than 90 degree angle, the bolt will loosen.
- If it is more than 90 degree angle, remove the head bolt and repeat the procedure from step 1.
- 3. Using special tool MB991654, tighten the bolts by the following procedure.

STEP	OPERATION	REMARKS
(1)	Tighten to 79 ± 4 N·m (58 \pm 3 ft-lb)	Tighten in the order shown in the illustration.
(2)	Fully loosen.	Tighten in the reverse order of that shown in the illustration.
(3)	Tighten to 20 ± 2 N·m (15 ± 1 ft-lb)	Tighten in the order shown in the illustration.
(4)	Tighten 90° of a turn.	Tighten in the order shown in the illustration. Mark the head of the cylinder head bolt and cylinder head with a paint mark.
(5)	Tighten 90° of a turn.	Tighten in the order shown in the illustration. Check that the painted mark of the head bolt is aligned with that of the cylinder head.

>>C<< HIGH-PRESSURE FUEL HOSE INSTALLATION

⚠ CAUTION

Do not allow engine oil to enter the fuel rail.

- 1. Apply a small amount of new engine oil to the O-ring.
- 2. While turning the high-pressure fuel hose to the right and left, install the fuel rail, while being careful not to damage the O-ring. After installing, check that the hose turns smoothly.
- 3. If the hose does not turn smoothly, the O-ring is probably being clamped. Disconnect the high-pressure fuel hose and check the O-ring for damage.
- 4. Re-insert the fuel rail and confirm the hose turns smoothly.

TIMING BELT

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

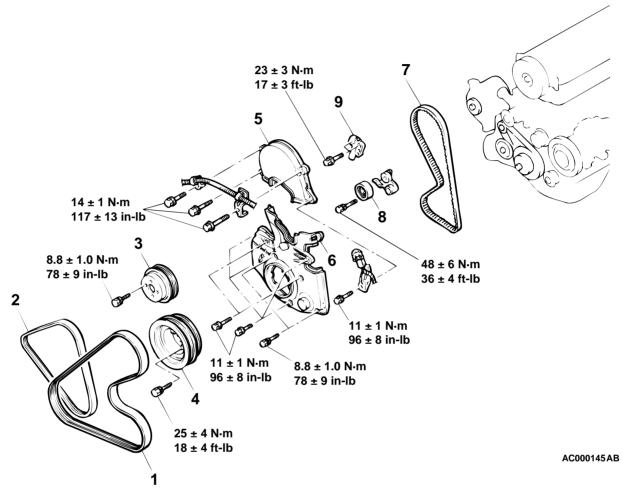
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Pre-removal Operation

Engine Mount Bracket Removal (Refer to GROUP 32, Engine Mounting P.32-5.)

Post-installation Operation

- Engine Mount Bracket Installation (Refer to GROUP 32, Engine Mounting P.32-5.)
- Drive Belt Tension Adjustment [Refer to GROUP 00, Maintenance Service - Drive Belts (Check Condition) P.00-40.]



REMOVAL STEPS

- DRIVE BELT (POWER STEERING OIL PUMP AND A/C COMPRES-SOR)
- 2. **DRIVE BELT (GENERATOR)**
- WATER PUMP PULLEY
- 4. **CRANKSHAFT PULLEY**
- TIMING BELT UPPER COVER AS-**SEMBLY**

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)

- TIMING BELT LOWER COVER 6. **ASSEMBLY**
- TIMING BELT TENSION ADJUST-**MENT**
- >>B<< 7. **TIMING BELT**
 - **TENSIONER PULLEY** 8.
- >>A<< 9. **AUTO-TENSIONER**

Required Special Tools:

• MD998738: Adjusting Screw

• MD998767: Tensioner Wrench

>>C<<

<<A>>>

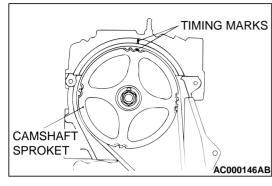
REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

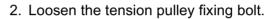
<<A>> TIMING BELT REMOVAL

⚠ CAUTION

The crankshaft should always be turned in the forward direction only.

1. Turn the crankshaft in the forward direction (to the right) to align the camshaft sprocket timing marks.

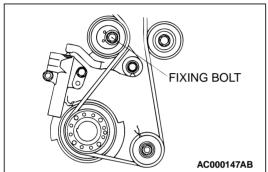




⚠ CAUTION

If the timing belt is to be re-used, use chalk to mark (on its flat side) an arrow indicating the clockwise direction.

3. Move the tension pulley to the water pump side, and then remove the timing belt.



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< AUTO-TENSIONER INSTALLATION

1. Apply 98 – 196 N (22 – 44 pound) force to the pushrod of the auto-tensioner by pressing it against a metal object (such as the engine block) and measure the movement of the pushrod.

Standard value: Within 1 mm (0.04 inch)
A: Length when it is free (not pressed)

B: Length when it is pressed

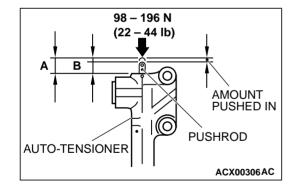
A - B: Movement

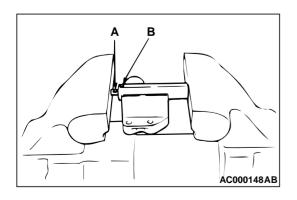
2. If it is outside the standard value, replace the auto-tensioner.



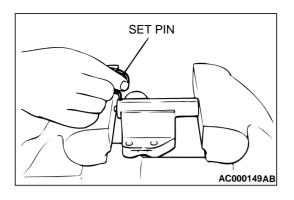
Never compress the pushrod too fast, or it may be damaged.

Use a press or vise to gently compress the auto-tensioner pushrod until pin hole A of the pushrod and pin hole B of the tensioner cylinder are aligned.



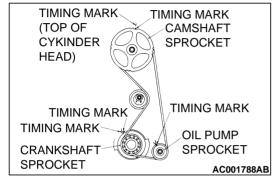


ENGINE MECHANICAL <2.4L ENGINE> TIMING BELT



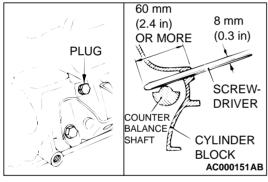
- 4. When the holes are aligned, insert the set pin.

 NOTE: When replacing the auto-tensioner with a new part, the pin will be in the auto-tensioner.
- 5. Install the auto-tensioner to the engine.



>>B<< TIMING BELT INSTALLATION

1. Align the timing marks on the camshaft sprocket, crankshaft sprocket and oil pump sprocket.

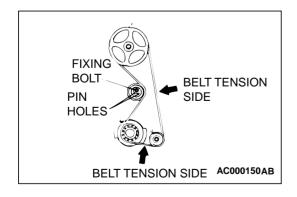


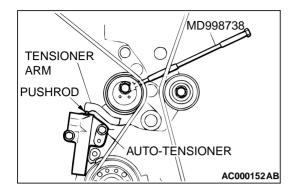
2. After aligning the timing mark on the oil pump sprocket, remove the cylinder block plug and insert a Phillips) head 8 mm (0.3 inch) screwdriver. Check to be sure that the screwdriver goes in 60 mm (2.4 inches) or more. If the screwdriver will only go in 20 – 25 mm (0.8 – 1.0 inch) before striking the counterbalance shaft, turn the sprocket once, realign the timing marks and check that the screwdriver goes in 60 mm (2.4 inches) or more. The screwdriver should not be taken out until the timing belt is installed.

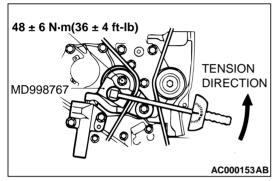
⚠ CAUTION

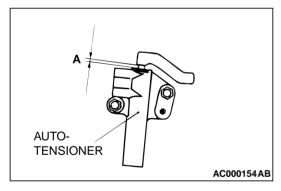
If the timing belt is re-used, install so that the arrow marked on it at time of removal is pointing in the clockwise direction.

- 3. Install the belt to the crankshaft sprocket, oil pump sprocket and camshaft sprocket in that order, so that there is no slackness in the belt tension.
- 4. Set the tension pulley so that the pin holes are at the bottom, press the tension pulley lightly against the timing belt, and then provisionally tighten the fixing bolt.
- 5. Adjust the timing belt tension.









>>C<< TIMING BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT

↑ CAUTION

Do not use a spanner or the similar tool to turn special tool MD998738. Otherwise, the auto-tensioner set pin may be broken. Turn special tool MD998738 by hand only.

- Remove the rubber plug from the rear of the timing belt cover assembly. Then screw in special tool MD998738 by hand until the tensioner arm is touching the auto-tensioner pushrod.
- 2. After turning the crankshaft 1/4 of a revolution in the counterclockwise direction, turn it in the clockwise direction until the timing marks are aligned.

⚠ CAUTION

When tightening the fixing bolt, make sure that the tension pulley does not turn with the bolt.

3. Loosen the tension pulley fixing bolt, and then use special tool MD998767 and a torque wrench to tighten the fixing bolt to the specified torque while applying tension to the timing belt.

Timing belt tension torque: 3.5 N·m (31 in-lb) Tightening torque:48 \pm 6 N·m (36 \pm 4 ft-lb)

- 4. Remove the set pin that has been inserted into the autotensioner, and then remove special tool MD998767.
- 5. Turn the crankshaft two revolutions clockwise so that the timing marks are aligned. After leaving it for 15 minutes, measure the amount of protrusion of the auto-tensioner.

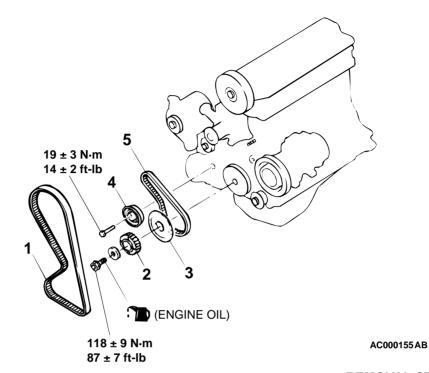
Standard value (A): 3.8 – 4.5 mm (0.15 – 0.18 inch)

- 6. If the amount of protrusion is outside the standard value, repeat steps (1) through (5).
- 7. Check again to be sure that the timing marks of each sprocket are aligned.

TIMING BELT B

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

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REMOVAL STEPS

1. TIMING BELT (REFER TO P.11A-31.)

>>C<< • TIMING BELT B TENSION ADJUSTMENT

<<**A>> >>B<<** 2.

REMOVAL STEPS (Continued)
2. CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET

>>B<< ^{3.}

CRANKSHAFT SENSING BLADE

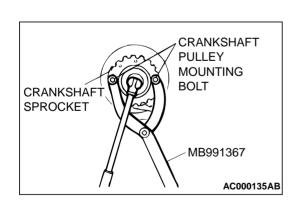
DLADE

4. TIMING BELT B TENSIONER

<> >>A<< 5. TIMING BELT B

Required Special Tool:

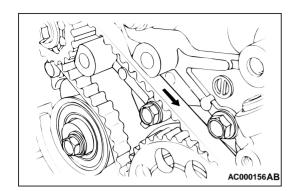
• MB991367: Special Spanner



REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

<<A>> CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET REMOVAL

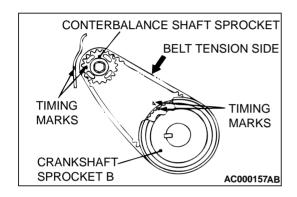
- 1. Use the crankshaft pulley mounting bolt to hold special tool MB991367.
- 2. Loosen the crankshaft sprocket mounting bolt, and remove the sprocket.



<> TIMING BELT B REMOVAL

⚠ CAUTION

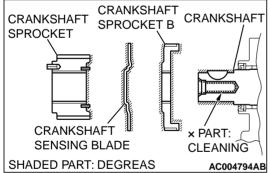
If the belt is to be re-used, mark an arrow on the belt with chalk indicating the clockwise direction of rotation.



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

>>A<< TIMING BELT B INSTALLATION

- 1. Ensure that crankshaft sprocket B timing marks and the counterbalance shaft sprocket timing marks are aligned.
- 2. Fit timing belt B over crankshaft sprocket B and the counterbalance shaft sprocket. Ensure that there is no slack in the belt.

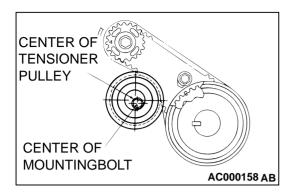


CRANKSHAFT PULLEY MOUNTING BOLT SPROCKET MB991367

>>B<< CRANKSHAFT SENSING BLADE/CRANKSHAFT SPROCKET INSTALLATION

- To prevent the crankshaft bolt from loosening, degrease or clean the seating surfaces of the crankshaft, crankshaft sprocket B, crankshaft sensing blade and crankshaft at the shown positions.
- 2. Install the crankshaft sensing blade so that they face as shown in the illustration.
- 3. Apply the minimum amount of engine oil to the seat surface and thread of the crankshaft bolt.
- 4. Use the crankshaft pulley mounting bolt to secure special tool MB991367.
- 5. Tighten the crankshaft sprocket bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: $118 \pm 9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (87 \pm 7 \text{ ft-lb})$



SHAFT 19 ± 3 N·m 14 ± 2 ft-lb AC000159AB



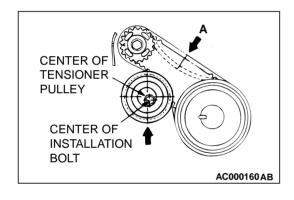
1. Temporarily fix the timing belt B tensioner so the center of the tensioner pulley is to the left and above the center of the mounting bolt. Temporarily attach the tensioner pulley so the flange is toward the front of the engine.

⚠ CAUTION

When tightening the bolt, ensure that the tensioner pulley shaft does not rotate with the bolt. Allowing it to rotate with the bolt can cause excessive tension of the bolt.

2. Holding the timing belt B tensioner up with your finger in the direction of the arrow, apply pressure on the timing belt so the tension side of the belt is taut. Now tighten the bolt to fix the tensioner.

Tightening torque: $19 \pm 3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (14 \pm 2 \text{ ft-lb})$



3. To ensure that the tension is correct, depress the belt (point A) with a finger. Adjust the belt tension if it is incorrect.

Standard value: 5-7 mm (0.2-0.3 inch)

SPECIFICATIONS

FASTENER TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS

M1111003800149

ITEMS		SPECIFICATIONS
Auto-tensioner attaching bolt		23 ± 3 N·m (17 ± 3 ft-lb)
Bell housing cover attaching bolt (bolt, flange)		26 ± 4 N·m (19 ± 3 ft-lb)
Bell housing cover attaching bolt (bolt, washer as	sembled)	8.8 ± 1.0 N·m (78 ± 9 in-lb)
Camshaft position sensor sensing cylinder attachi	ing bolt	21 ± 4 N·m (16 ± 3 ft-lb)
Camshaft position sensor support attaching bolt		14 ± 1 N·m (117 ± 13 in-lb)
Camshaft sprocket attaching bolt		88 ± 10 N·m (65 ± 7 ft-lb)
Crankshaft pulley attaching bolt		25 ± 4 N·m (18 ± 4 ft-lb)
Crankshaft sprocket attaching bolt		118 ± 9 N⋅m (87 ± 7 ft-lb)
Cylinder head attaching bolt		$79 \pm 4 \text{ N·m} \rightarrow 0 \text{ N·m} \rightarrow 20 \pm 2 \text{ N·m}$ $\rightarrow +90^{\circ} \rightarrow +90^{\circ}$ $(58 \pm 3 \text{ ft-lb} \rightarrow 0 \text{ in-lb} \rightarrow 15 \pm 1 \text{ ft-lb}$ $\rightarrow +90^{\circ} \rightarrow +90^{\circ})$
Drive plate attaching bolt 		132 ± 5 N⋅m (98 ± 3 ft-lb)
Engine mount bracket attaching bolt	M12 × 74	86 ± 12 N⋅m (64 ± 8 ft-lb)
	M12 × 108	81 ± 12 N·m (60 ± 9 ft-lb)
Engine mount bracket attaching nut		86 ± 12 N·m (64 ± 8 ft-lb)
Exhaust manifold bracket attaching bolt		$35 \pm 6 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (26 \pm 4 \text{ ft-lb})$
Flywheel attaching bolt <m t=""></m>		132 ± 5 N⋅m (98 ± 3 ft-lb)
High-pressure fuel hose attaching bolt		4.8 ± 1.0 N·m (44 ± 8 in-lb)
Ignition coil attaching bolt		9.8 ± 2.0 N·m (87 ± 17 in-lb)
Intake manifold stay attaching bolt		$30 \pm 2 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (23 \pm 2 \text{ ft-lb})$
Oil dipstick guide attaching bolt		14 ± 1 N·m (117 ± 13 in-lb)
Oil pan attaching bolt		$6.9 \pm 0.9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (61 \pm 8 \text{ in-lb})$
Oil pan drain plug		$39 \pm 5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (29 \pm 4 \text{ ft-lb})$
Power steering oil pump attaching bolt		29 ± 3 N·m (21 ± 3 ft-lb)
Power steering oil pump bracket attaching bolt		49 ± 10 N⋅m (36 ± 7 ft-lb)
Pressure hose attaching bolt		$12 \pm 2 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (100 \pm 22 \text{ in-lb})$
Pressure tube attaching bolt		12 ± 2 N·m (100 ± 22 in-lb)
Rocker arm and shaft assembly attaching bolt		31 ± 3 N·m (23 ± 2 ft-lb)
Rocker cover attaching bolt		$3.4 \pm 0.5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} (31 \pm 4 \text{ in-lb})$
Tensioner pulley attaching bolt		48 ± 6 N·m (36 ± 4 ft-lb)
Timing belt B tensioner attaching bolt		19 ± 3 N·m (14 ± 2 ft-lb)
Timing belt lower cover attaching bolt (bolt, flange	2)	11 ± 1 N·m (96 ± 8 in-lb)
Timing belt lower cover attaching bolt (bolt, washe	er assembled)	8.8 ± 1.0 N·m (78 ± 9 in-lb)
Timing belt upper cover attaching bolt	M6	11 ± 1 N·m (96 ± 8 in-lb)
	M8	14 ± 15 N·m (117 ± 13 in-lb)
Water pump pulley attaching bolt		8.8 ± 1.0 N·m (78 ± 9 in-lb)

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ENGINE MECHANICAL <2.4L ENGINE> SPECIFICATIONS

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

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ITEMS	STANDARD VALUE	LIMIT
Actual ignition timing at idle	Approximately 10° BTDC	_
Auto-tensioner pushrod movement mm (in)	Within 1 (0.04)	-
Auto-tensioner rod protrusion mm (in)	3.8 – 4.5 (0.15 – 0.18)	-
Basic ignition timing at idle	5°BTDC ± 3°	-
CO content %	0.5 or less	-
Compression pressure (250 – 400 r/min) kPa (psi)	1,275 (185)	Minimum 959 (139)
Compression pressure difference of all cylinder kPa (psi)	_	98 (14)
Curb idle speed r/min	700 ± 100	-
Cylinder head bolt shank length mm (in)	_	99.4 (3.91)
HC contents ppm	100 or less	-
Intake manifold vacuum at curb idle kPa (in Hg)	_	Minimum 60 (18)
Timing belt B tension mm (in)	5 – 7 (0.2 – 0.3)	_

SEALANT

M1111000500149

ITEM	SPECIFIED SEALANT	
Camshaft position sensor support and oil pan	MITSUBISHI GENUINE Sealant Part No. MD970389 or equivalent	

NOTES